

Labour, earnings and income

Labour force participation

Employment

Unemployment

Commuting

Absence and work stoppages

Earnings and labour costs

A European perspective

Income



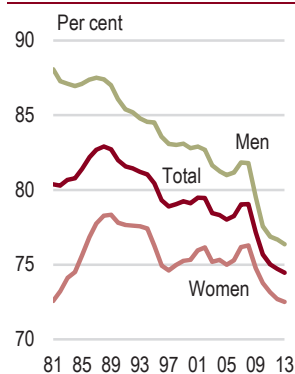
Labour force participation

Men and women's activity rate – the difference decreases

Labour market statistics are based on the basic concepts adopted by the International Labour Organization (ILO), according to which the population is divided into three groups:

- Employed
- Unemployed
- Persons outside the labour force

Figure 1
Activity rate of 16-64-year-olds. 1981-2013



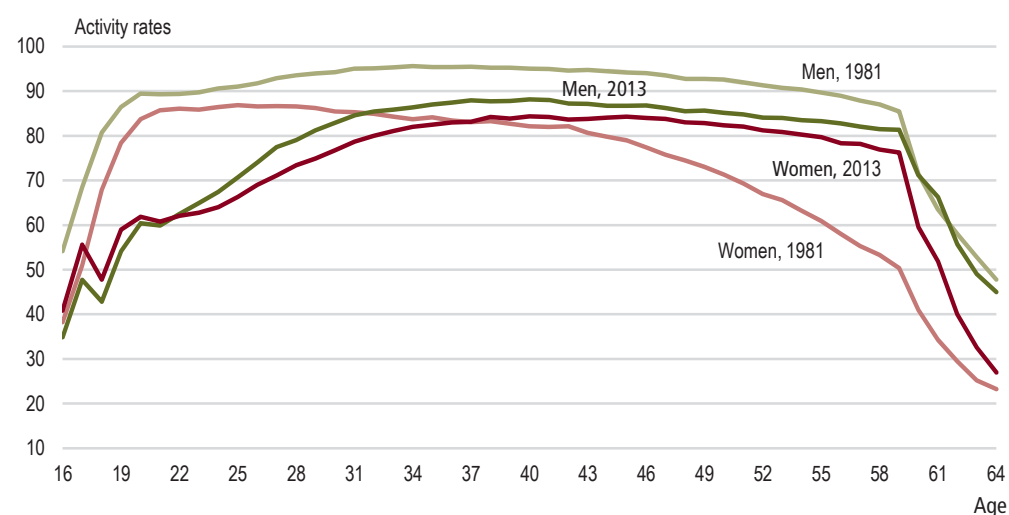
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The labour force consists of employed and unemployed persons. The activity rate is calculated as the labour force in relation to the population that is of working age (16-64-year-olds).

Developments from 1981 to 2013 show significant differences between men and women. Women's activity rate increased primarily in the 1980s. The increase in the activity rate for women started, in reality before, but Statistics Denmark has only made annual calculations of the population attachment to the labour market from 1981 and onwards. The activity rate of men decreased in the 1980s.

In the 1990s, in which Denmark had a period of recession, the activity rate of both men and women decreased during most of the period. The fall in the activity rate for women ceased in 1997, and thereafter the activity rate for women rose until 2002. During the same period the activity rate for men continued to fall. From 2006 until 2008 activity rates for both men and women increased slightly. After this, activity rates for both men and women decreased due to the economic crisis. The fall in activity rates is extra big, because the statistics were subject to adjustments in 2009. Consequently, information for 2009 is not strictly comparable with previous years.

Figure 2 Activity rate by age



The increasing labour force participation for women implies that their activity rates distributed by age have changed significantly over time. In 1981 women's activity rates already began to decrease in their early thirties. When women were in their mid-forties, they began, to a considerably extent, to leave the labour market. In 2013 women's activity rates remain at a high level until they reach the age of 60, which is similar to the pattern of men.

Activity rates for women are lower than for men except for the youngest age-groups. Thus women have higher activity rates than men until the age of 21. For both men and women activity rates for 18 year olds are lower than for 17 year olds.

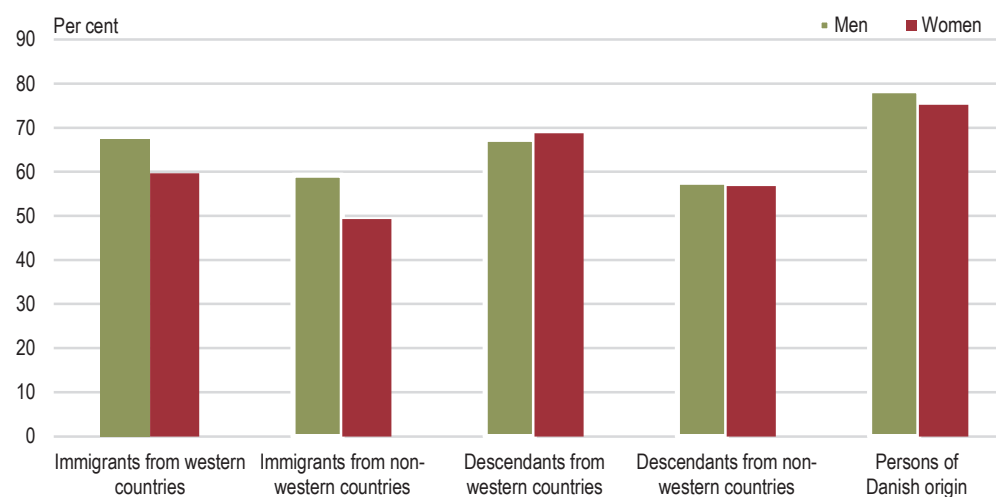
Immigrants and their descendants in the labour market

The number of immigrants and their descendants of working age increased from 108,000 to 448,000 in the period 1981-2013. Especially, the number of immigrants and their descendants from non-western countries has increased. There were 36,000 immigrants and descendants from non-western countries aged 16-64 in 1981, while the figure was 283,000 in 2013.

Immigrants' activity rate is lower than that of persons of Danish origin. Simultaneously, the difference between men's and women's activity rate is relatively large for immigrants from non-western countries.

The groups of descendants from non-western countries have a slightly higher activity rate than immigrants from non-western countries. Simultaneously the difference between activity rates for men and women are smaller than for immigrants from non-western countries. Descendants from non-western countries mainly consists of persons aged between 16 and 30, and for that reason a substantial proportion of the group still attend an education, and only a small number of them are in the age groups where activity rates normally are high. Therefore it is not possible to draw valid conclusions concerning their integration on the labour market.

Figure 3 Activity rate of immigrants and their descendants. 2013

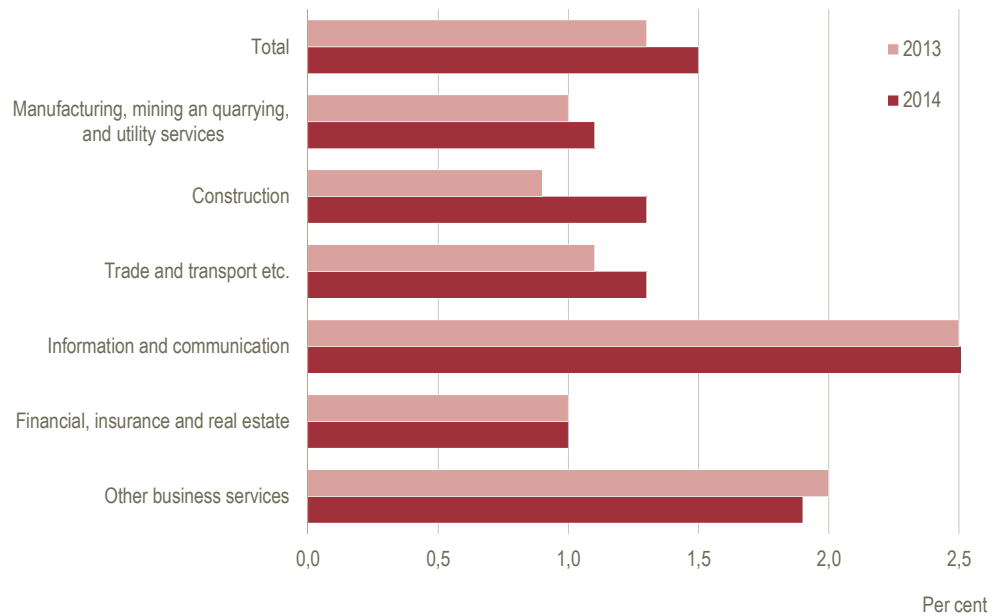


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Increase in the job vacancy rate

The average for the four quarters made in 2014 in the private sector accounted for a total number of job vacancies of 22,400. The job vacancy rate has increased with 0.2 percentage point from 2013 to 2014. The share of job vacancies is defined as the job vacancy rate and measures the percentage of job vacancies in relation to the total sum of job vacancies and occupied posts.

The industry group information and communication had in 2014 a job vacancy rate of 3.1 per cent, which were the industry group with the highest job vacancy rate. Furthermore the industry group of information and communication had an increase in the job vacancy rate with 0.6 percent point and was the group with the highest increase. The job vacancy rate in the industry group of financial, insurance and real estate was unchanged in 2014 and was with that the only group which was unchanged from 2013 to 2014. The smallest job vacancy rate was also found in the industry group of financial, insurance and real estate, which had a rate of 1.0 per cent.

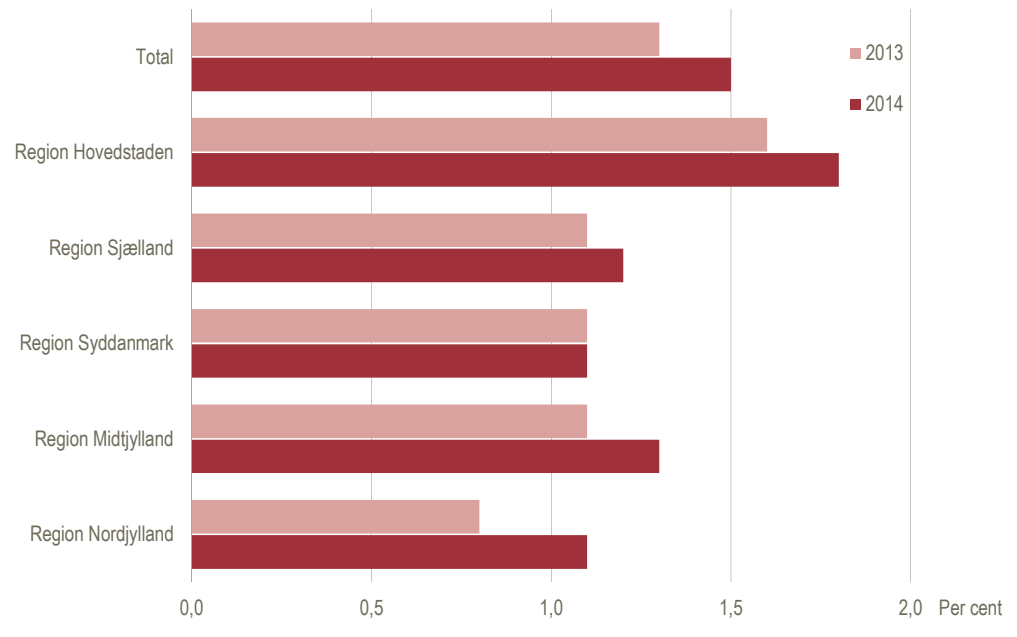
Figure 4 Job vacancies by industry

Small workplaces have the largest share of job vacancies

Small workplaces (less than 10 employees) accounted for relatively more job vacancies than large workplaces. In 2014, small workplaces had a job vacancy rate of 1.8 per cent. The job vacancy rate was 1.4 per cent for workplaces with 10-49 employees. The two other size groups had both a job vacancy rate of 1.3 per cent.

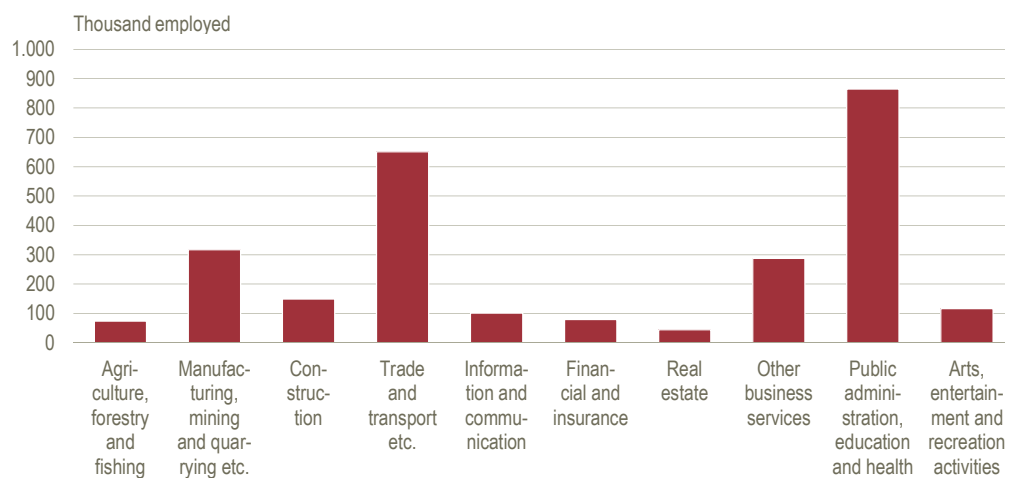
Region Hovedstaden has the highest share of job vacancies

With a job vacancy rate of 1.8 per cent the largest share of job vacancies was seen in Region Hovedstaden in 2014. The lowest share was seen in Region Nordjylland and Region Syddanmark, as only 1.1 per cent of all vacant and occupied jobs were vacant. Since 2013 there has been an increase in the job vacancy rate in all regions, besides for Region Syddanmark which was unchanged from 2013 to 2014.

Figure 5 Job vacancies by region

Employment

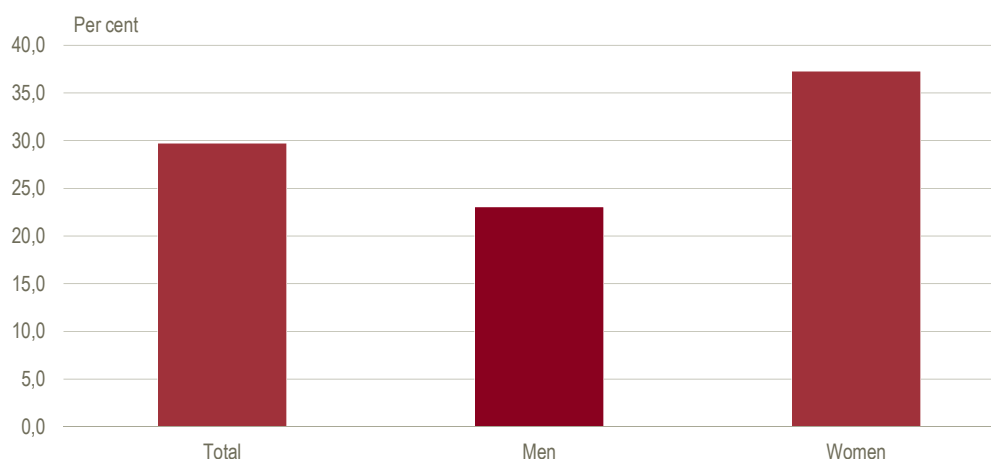
The service sector accounts, by far, for the highest number of persons employed in Denmark. The largest industry groups are thus *public administration, education and health* employing 865,000 persons (corresponding to 32.0 per cent of persons employed) and *trade and transport etc.* employing 651,000 persons (24.1 per cent of persons employed). Primary industries like *agriculture, forestry and fishing* account for a substantially lower share employing 74,000 persons (2.7 per cent of persons employed).

Figure 6 Employed by industry. 2013

www.statbank.dk/atr30

Women work fewer hours than men

The number of hours worked by women is lower than the number of hours worked by men. In 2013, 37.3 per cent of women were working part-time, while only 23.1 per cent of men were working part-time.

Figure 7 Persons working part-time 2013

Note: Part-time is defined as persons working less than 32 hours per week in their main activity.

Source: Working Time Account

Increasing employment in the private sector

From 2012 to 2013, the number of employed increased by 4,100 persons, corresponding to 0.2 per cent. Since 2008 when persons in employment peaked, the number of employed has fallen every year until 2012. Since employment peaked in 2008, employment has declined every year until 2012, but now all replaced by increased employment. However, the fall in employment has levelled off, as employment fell sharply in the period 2008 to 2010 with an average of 78,000 persons (2.7 per cent) per year, whereas the fall in employment from 2010 to 2012 was 9,400 persons (0.3 per cent) per year.

From 2010 to 2013, employment in *corporations and organizations* has been increasing by an average of 3,700 persons (0.2 per cent) per year, while employment in the *general government* has been declining by an average of 8,600 persons (1.0 per cent) per year. But first from 2012 to 2013, the growth in employment within *corporations and organizations* has been greater than the fall in *general government*. One reason is that employment declined in *general government* has slowed down compared to the period 2010 to 2012.

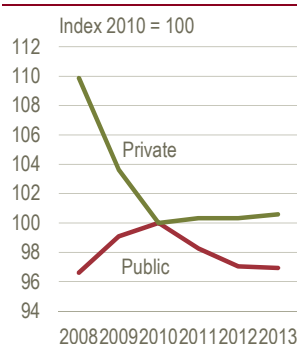
The *general government* sector includes central government, regional government, municipal government, and social security funds. *Corporations and organizations* include private corporations, public corporations, private non-profit organizations and international organizations.

Fewer women employed

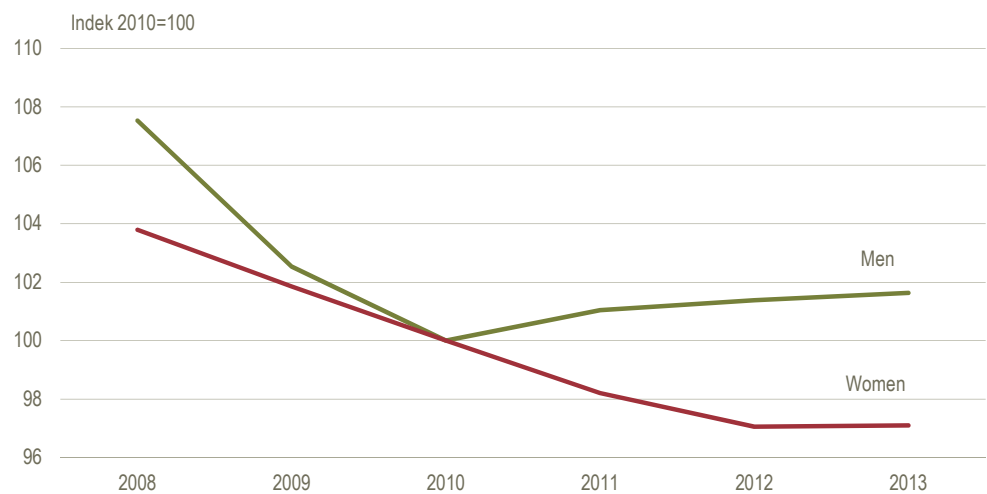
From 2012 to 2013 increased men's employment with 3,600 persons or 0.3 per cent., while female employment was unchanged.

Female employment fell each year from 2008 to 2012, while male employment has increased since 2010 after a sharp decline in the previous years.

This development is connected with the fact that a very large proportion of the women, 45 per cent, are employed in *general government*, while men to an overwhelming degree, 83 per cent, are employed in *corporations and organizations*.

Figure 8 Employment by sector

www.statbank.dk/atr

Figure 9 Employment by sex

www.statistikbanken.dk/atr

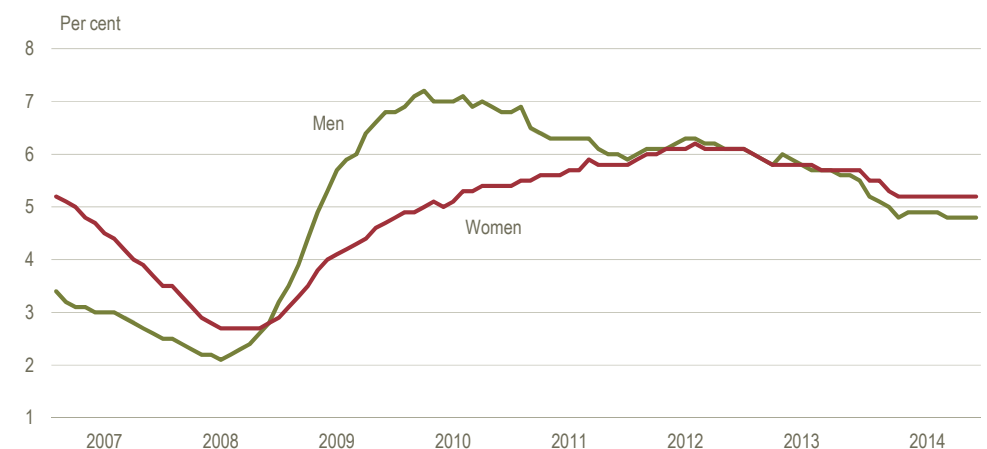
Fewer hours worked, despite higher employment

From 2012 to 2013, the number of hours worked decreased by 0.3 per cent, although employment increased by 0.2 per cent. Also from 2011 to 2012, the number of hours worked had decreased by 1.3 per cent, following an increase of 0.9 per cent from 2010 to 2011. From 2008 to 2010, the number of hours worked decreased dramatically, in average by 3.5 per cent per year.

Unemployment

Small decrease in the gross unemployment since 2010

The monthly seasonally adjusted unemployment reached the lowest level in present time in the summer 2008 and has since then been increasing sharply, corresponding to more than a doubling until 2010. The increase in unemployment had particularly a great impact on men. Since 2010, total gross unemployment has largely remained unchanged. However, there has been a slight falling tendency since 2010 and especially during 2013 and 2014.

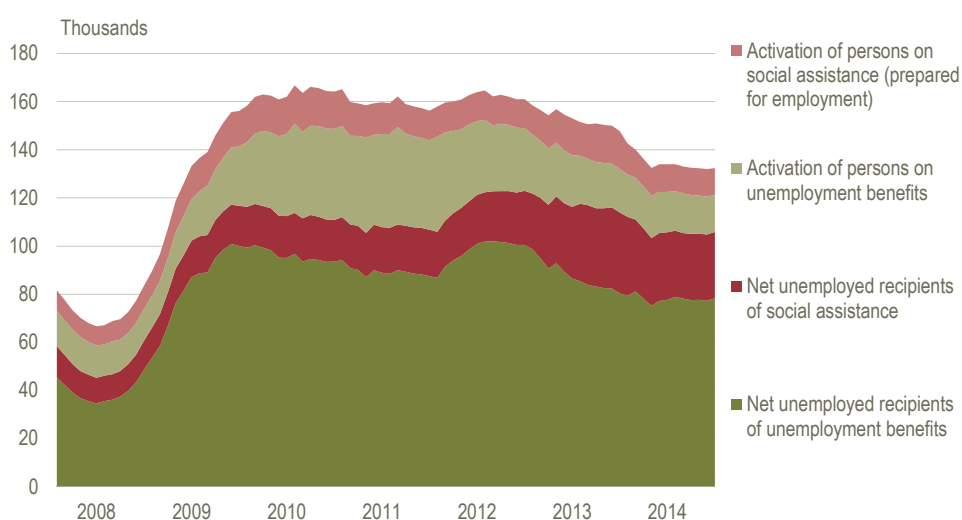
Figure 10 Gross unemployment in per cent of the labour force, seasonally adjusted

www.statbank.dk/aus07

Today women have the highest unemployment level - again

The increasing unemployment from 2008 to 2010 had a far greater impact on men than women. This was due to the fact that the sectors with the highest unemployment increases – industry, construction and service sector – are typically employed by men. Since the beginning of 2010 the difference between men and women's unemployment has fallen by more than 2 per cent point to the same level for men and women at the end of 2012 and through 2013. In 2014 women have been affected by unemployment to a slightly higher degree (0,3-0,4 per cent) than men. In a historical perspective, women have also predominately accounted for the highest unemployment rate. Before 2008 we have to go back as far as 1976 in order to find a situation where unemployment (in per cent of the labour force) was higher among men than among women.

Figure 11 Gross unemployment by type of unemployment, seasonally adjusted



www.statbank.dk/aus07

Minor decline in the number of unemployed by every type of unemployment

From December 2013 to December 2014 we have seen a minor decline in the number of unemployed by every type of unemployment. Here it is the group of activated unemployed persons on social assistance who have had the largest decline while the smallest decline is seen in the group of net unemployed recipients of unemployment benefits.

Here it is important to notice that unemployed persons, who are receiving *special education benefit*, *labour market allowance* or *education support* all is included in the gross unemployment as unemployed recipients of social assistance.

Total gross unemployment can be calculated as the sum of the 4 types of unemployment. Here, it can be seen that gross unemployment reached the low number of 66,700 persons in June 2008, and as a result of the global financial crisis increased by more than 100,000 to 166,800 in July 2010. Since then, there has been a slight fall, reaching 132,400 persons in December 2014.

Commuting

Longer commuting distances

In 2013, every Dane travelled, on average, a distance of 20.1 km to and from the home and work. This is 0.3 km longer compared to 2012 and 2.5 longer than in

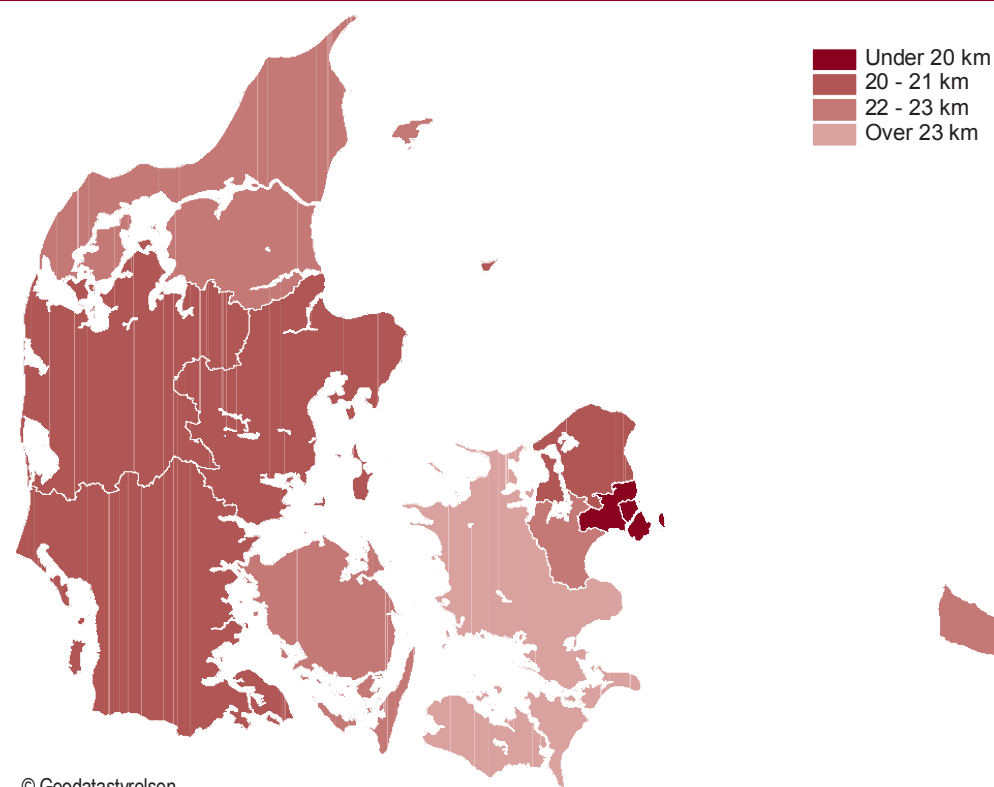
2006. On average, men are working 23.8 km away from their home, while women only need to travel 16.4 km to their job. This implies that the average commuting distance between men and women is 7.4 km, which is higher than in 2006, when it was 6.4 km.

The commuting distance is calculated as the shortest road distance between the home and work. The statistics cover all employed persons who are not living and working at the same address. Commuting usually involves a daily journey between the home and work, but in some cases the journey takes place at more irregular intervals.

Commuters from Copenhagen account for the shortest distance

People living in Vest- and Sydsjælland account for the longest commuting distance to their work, i.e. an average of 28.1 km. People living in København By and København Omegn only commute 12.4 and 13.1 km to their work. People living in all other provinces commute between 20.7 and 22.6 km to their work.

Figure 12 Commuting. 2013



www.statbank.dk/afstb2

Absence

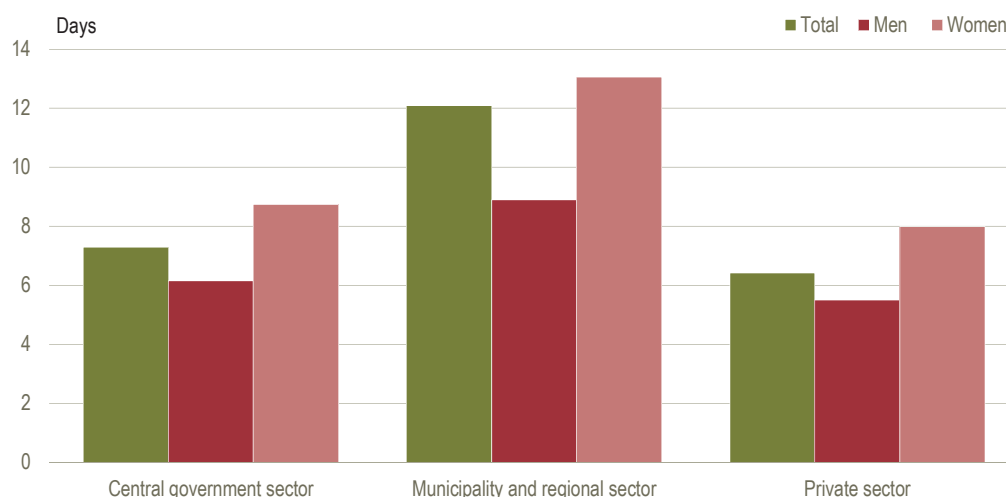
Women are more absent due to sickness than men

The employees in the regions and the municipalities were on average absent from work 12.1 days due to sickness in 2013. In the central government sector, employees were, on average, absent 7.3 days due to sickness whereas employees in the private sector were absent 6.4 days.

In all sectors women are more absent from work due to sickness than men are, and the different absence figures between the sectors are partly due to the different proportions of men and women in the sectors.

Within regions and municipalities 77 per cent of the employees are women whereas the proportion of women in the central government is 44 per cent and 36 per cent in the private sector.

Figure 13 Absence caused by own sickness. 2013



www.statbank.dk/fra05

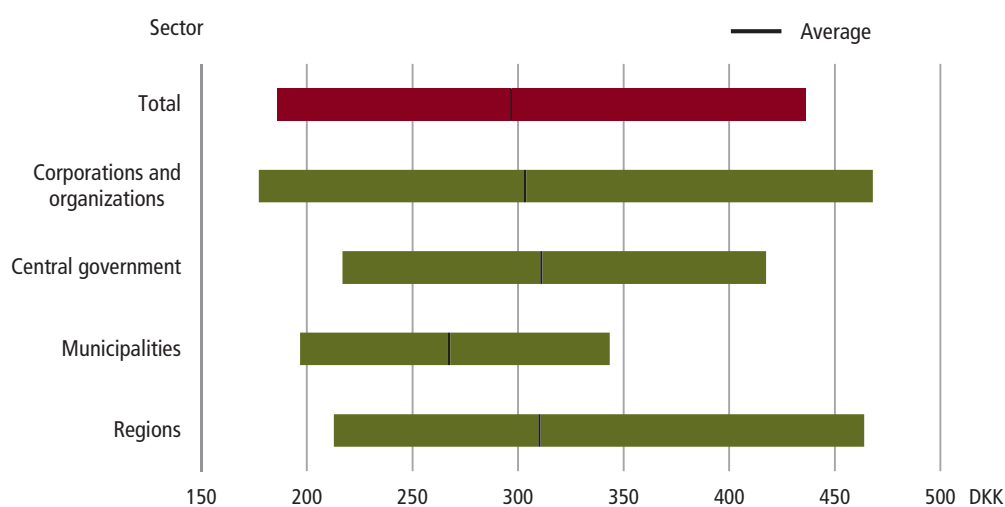
In the three sectors the occupation of the employees differs. This has an impact on the extent of absence. In the regions and the municipalities a large share of the employees are for instance occupied within the industry *human health and social work* which is an area with a high level of absence.

Earnings and labour costs

Earnings per hour worked and standardized hourly earnings

Earnings comprise the payment made by employers to each individual employee, including holiday and public holiday allowances, fringe benefits, bonuses and total pension contributions, etc. Earnings can be related to, e.g. the number of hours worked by an employee in the period as well as the *normal* number of hours worked by an employee in the period.

The two concepts are called in the statistics on earnings, respectively, earnings per hour worked and standardized hourly earnings. Standardized hourly earnings indicates the amount earned by an employee per hour during the period in which he/she is employed to perform work – whereas earnings per hour worked indicates the cost per hour paid by an employer for employing an employee to perform his/her work. All costs of a business enterprise, which are involved in having employees, are called total labour costs. The majority of total labour costs are earnings per hour worked.

Figure 14 Earnings per hour worked by sectors. 2013

www.statbank.dk/lons10

Men employed in managerial positions account for the highest earnings

Irrespective of the way in which earnings are calculated, men's earnings are, on average, higher than women's and earnings of persons in managerial positions are higher than those of other employees and earnings of people living in Zealand are higher than those of people living in Jutland. Average earnings of general government employees are higher than earnings of municipal and regional government employees as well as persons employed in corporations and organizations.

The greatest spread of earnings is, by contrast, seen in the corporation and organizations sector. Hourly earnings for the 10 per cent highest paid employees in the corporation and organizations sector were more than DKK 468 per hour worked in 2013, while the 10 per cent lowest paid employees earned less than DKK 177 per hour worked. Hourly earnings of the 10-per cent highest paid general government employees were more than DKK 418 per hour worked, while the 10 per cent lowest paid employees earned less than DKK 217 per hour worked. In municipalities the numbers were DKK 343 and DKK 197 respectively and in the regions DKK 464 and DKK 213 respectively.

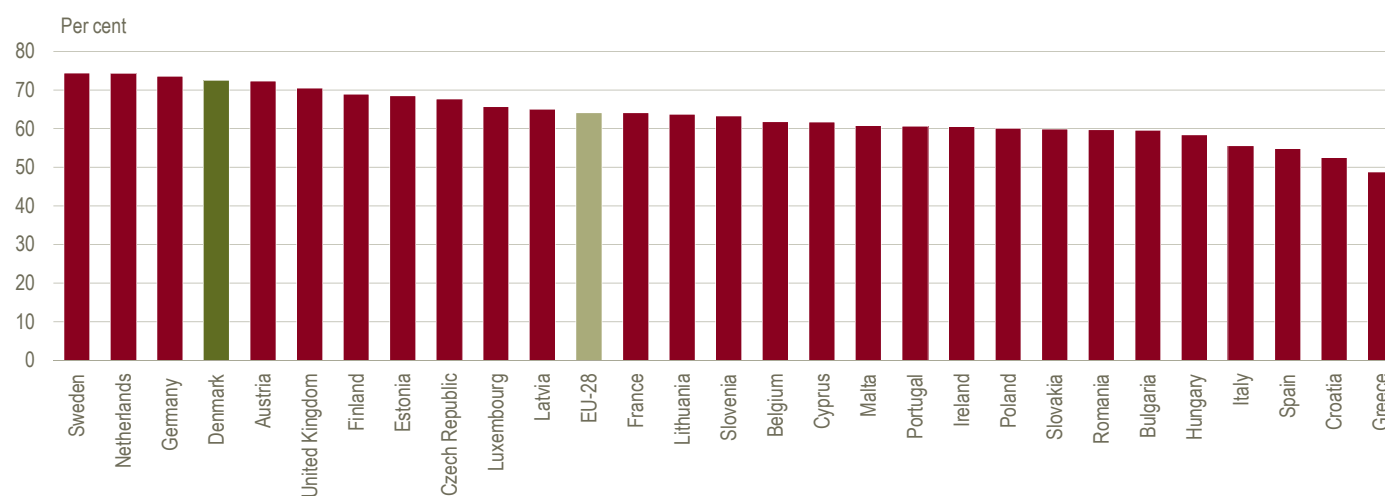
A European perspective

Sweden had the highest employment rate in the European Union

At 74.4 per cent of the population in the age 15-64 years in employment, Sweden had the highest employment rate in the European Union in 2013 according to the Labour Force Survey.

The Labour Force Survey collects data according to the same guidelines and with similar methods in all European Union countries. Therefore information from the Danish Labour Force Survey is comparable with information from similar surveys in other European Union countries.

In 2013 the employment rate in Sweden was considerably above the European Union average of 64.1 per cent – ahead of the Netherlands, Germany and Denmark, where the employment rates were 74.3, 73.5 and 72.5 per cent, respectively. Greece and Croatia had the lowest employment rates in the European Union at 48.8 and 52.5 per cent, respectively.

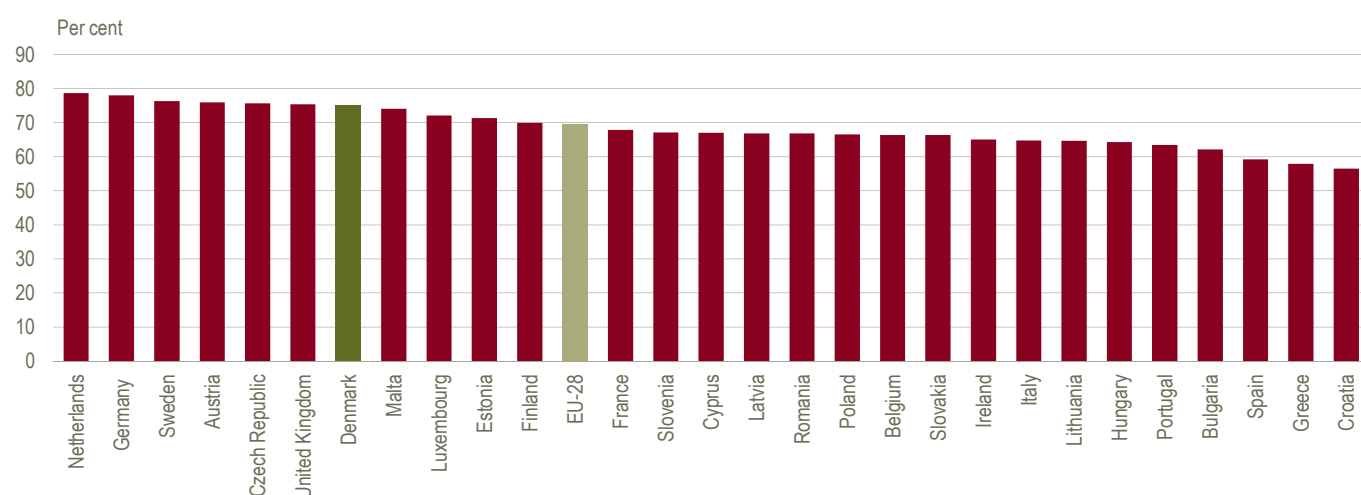
Figure 15 Employment rate in the EU. 2013

Source: Eurostat

The employment rate is defined as the percentage of employed persons in a specific age group in the population. The chapter *International statistics* contains further employment figures for a wider range of countries.

The Netherlands had the highest employment rate for men

At 78.7 per cent the Netherlands had the highest employment rate for men among the 28 countries in the European Union, followed by Germany and Sweden where 78.0 and 76.3 per cent, respectively, of the men were employed. Denmark had the seventh highest employment rate for men at 75.0 per cent. Croatia and Greece at 56.5 and 57.9 per cent, respectively, had the lowest employment rates for men in the European Union. The EU average in 2013 was 69.4 per cent.

Figure 16 Employment rate in the EU. Men. 2013

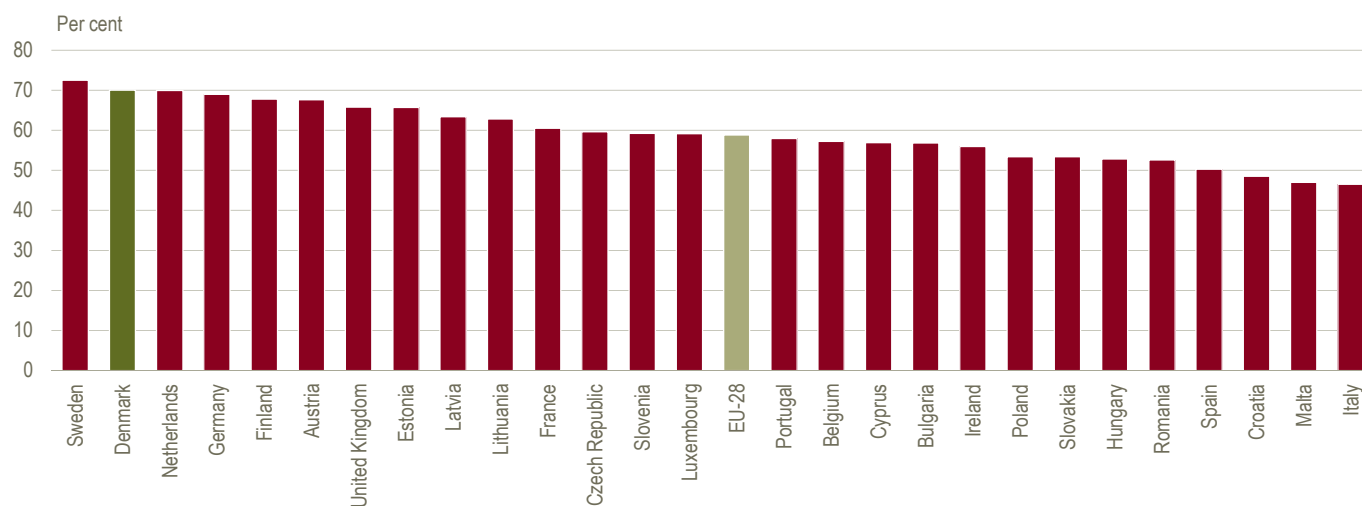
Source: Eurostat

Sweden had the highest employment rate for women

Sweden had the highest employment rate for women in the European Union in 2013. 72.5 per cent of the women were in employment in 2013. Denmark and the Netherlands had the second and third highest employment rate for women at 70.0 and 69.9 per cent, respectively. The EU average was 58.8 per cent. At 39.9 and 46.5 per cent, Greece and Italy had the lowest employment rates for women in the European Union.

Figure 17

Employment rate in the EU. Women. 2013

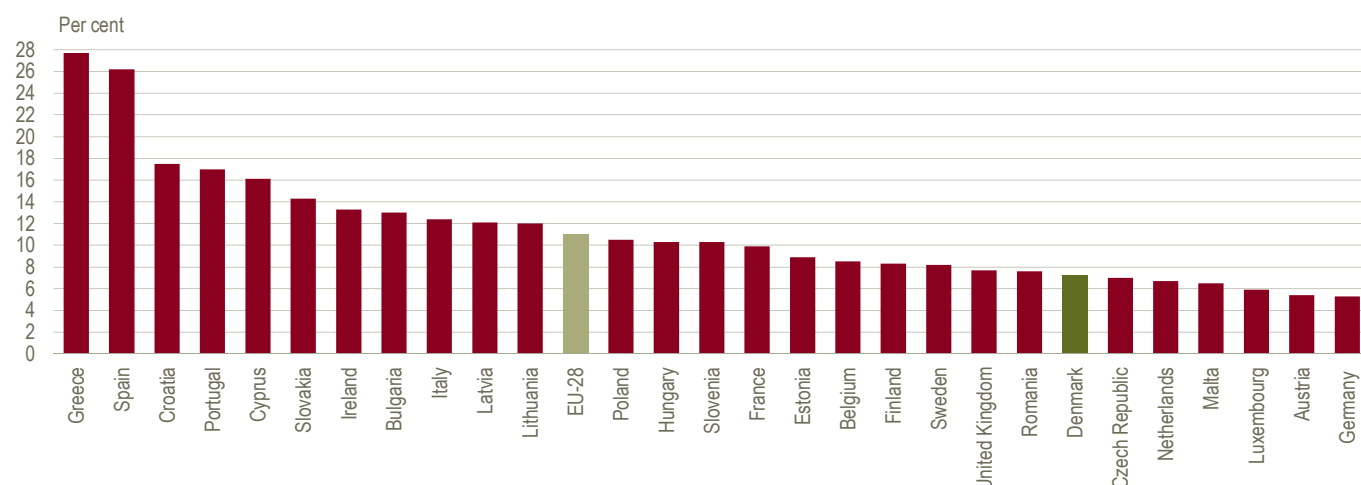


Source: Eurostat

Germany had the lowest unemployment rate in the EU

Among the 28 countries of the European Union, Germany had the lowest unemployment rate in 2013. The unemployment rate among those aged 15-64 years was 5.3 per cent in Germany, followed by Austria and Luxembourg at 5.4 and 5.9 per cent, respectively.

In Denmark the unemployment rate was 7.2 per cent. Greece and Spain had the highest unemployment rates in the EU at 27.7 and 26.2 per cent, respectively. In 2013 the EU average was 11.0 per cent. In the Labour Force Survey the unemployed are those without a job, who have looked for a job within the last four weeks and can begin a new job within two weeks.

Figure 18 Unemployment rate in the EU. Age 15-64 years. 2013

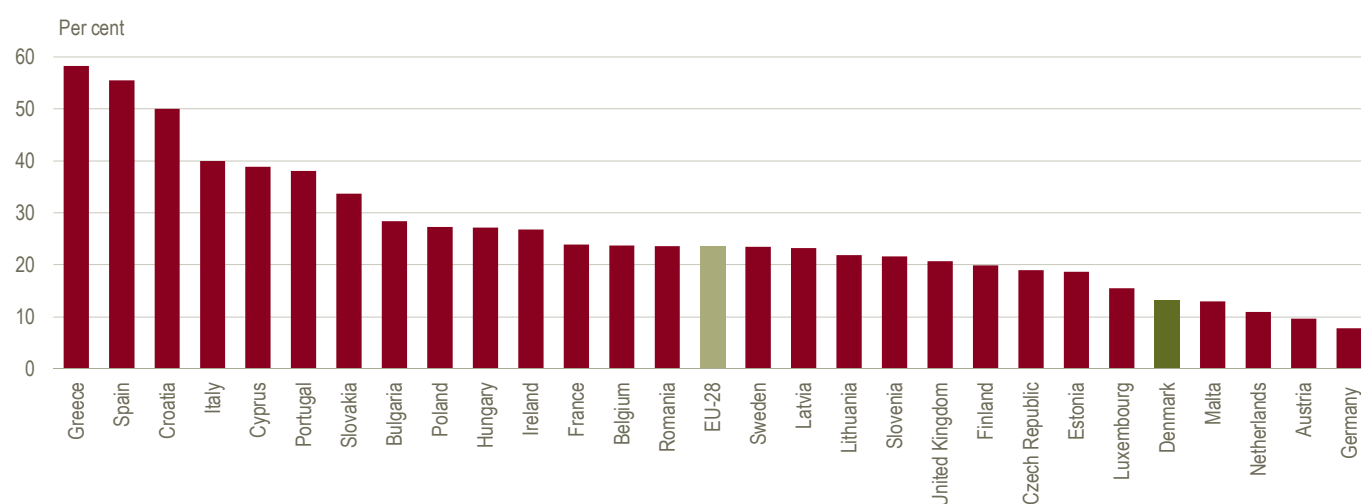
Source: Eurostat

The unemployment rate is defined as the percentage of unemployed persons in a specific age group in the labour force. The chapter *International statistics* contains further unemployment figures for a wider range of countries.

Youth unemployment in the EU

Considering the youth unemployment rate in the European Union, defined as the unemployment rate for those aged 15-24 years, Denmark was also placed relatively low at 13.1 per cent in 2013. Germany, Austria, the Netherlands and Malta had the lowest youth unemployment rates at 7.8, 9.7, 11.0 and 13.0 per cent, respectively.

In our neighbouring country Sweden the youth unemployment rate was high at 23.5 per cent, while the unemployment rate for those aged 15-64 years was 8.2 per cent. Greece and Spain had the highest youth unemployment rates in the European Union at 58.3 and 55.5 per cent, respectively. The EU average was 23.5 per cent in 2013.

Figure 19 Youth unemployment rate. Age 15-24 years. 2013

Source: Eurostat

Income

Concepts of income

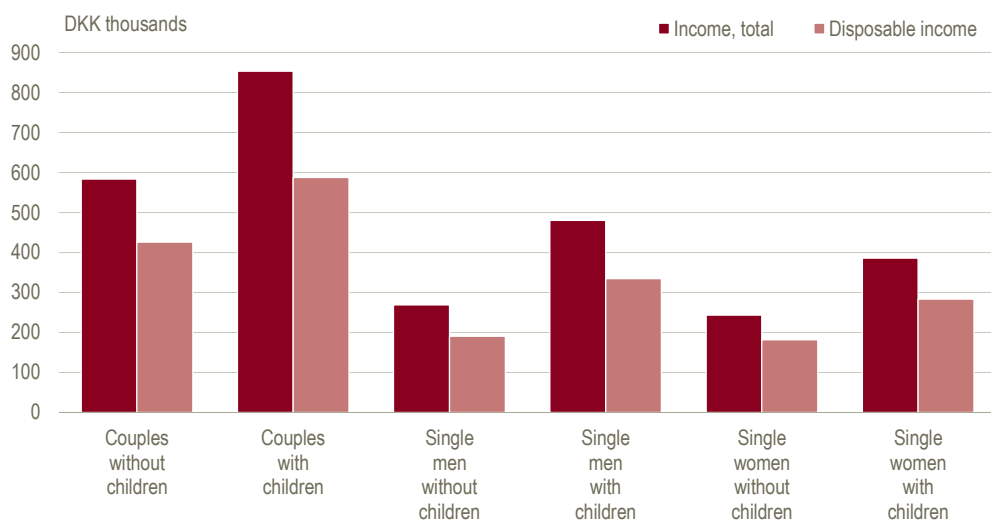
Income statistics comprise of both individual and aggregated family statistics. Three main concepts are *personal income*, *disposable income* and *family incomes*.

Personal income is the sum of the pre-tax Primary income, property income, and transfers etc. Disposable income is the post-tax income. Family income is the sum of personal incomes within the family.

Couples with children earn most

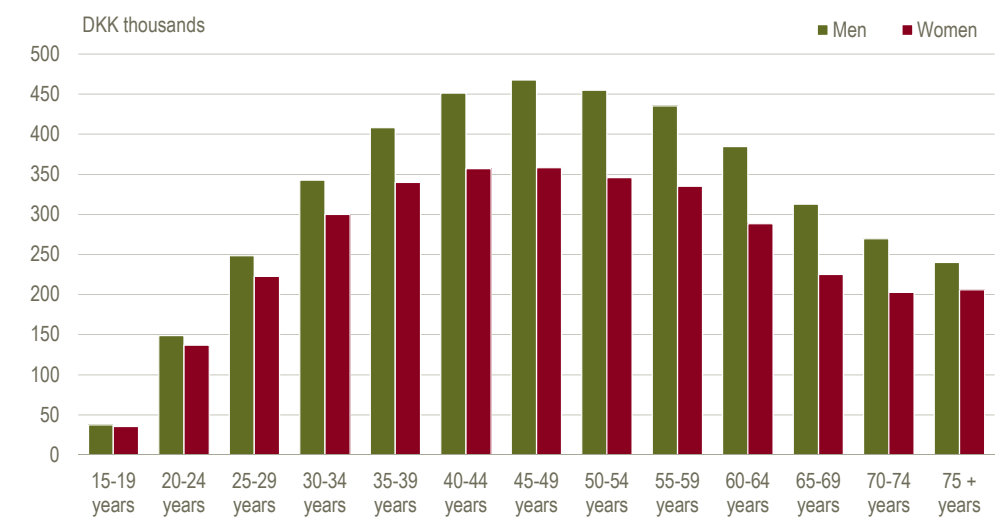
Couples with children had the highest average income pre-tax of DKK 854,000 in 2013. The corresponding figure for couples without children was DKK 583,400. When making such comparisons, demographics should be taken into account. Couples without children are typically older than couples with children and children may also to some extent contribute to the family income.

Figure 20 Average family income. 2013

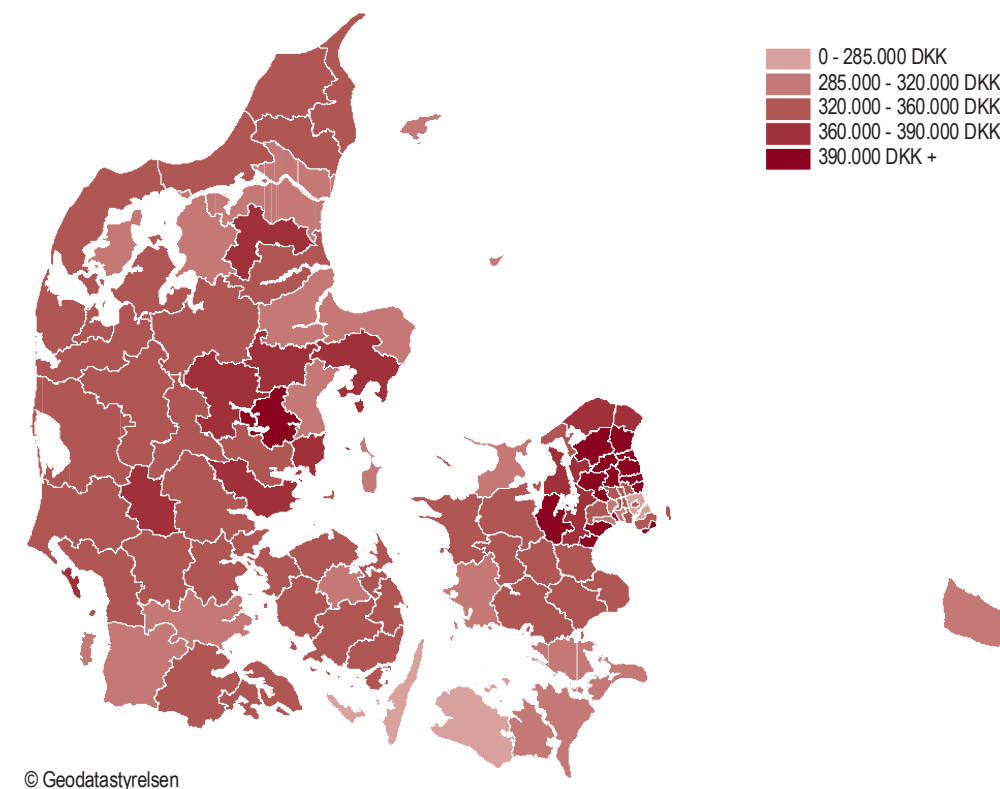


Men earn more than women

In 2013, the average personal income for persons aged 15 and or more DKK 294,000. Men had larger incomes than women as men's average income was DKK 328,300, while that of women was DKK 260,800. The level of personal income peaks for both men and women in the late forties.

Figure 21 Average personal income by age group. 2013**Wealthiest municipalities are north of Copenhagen**

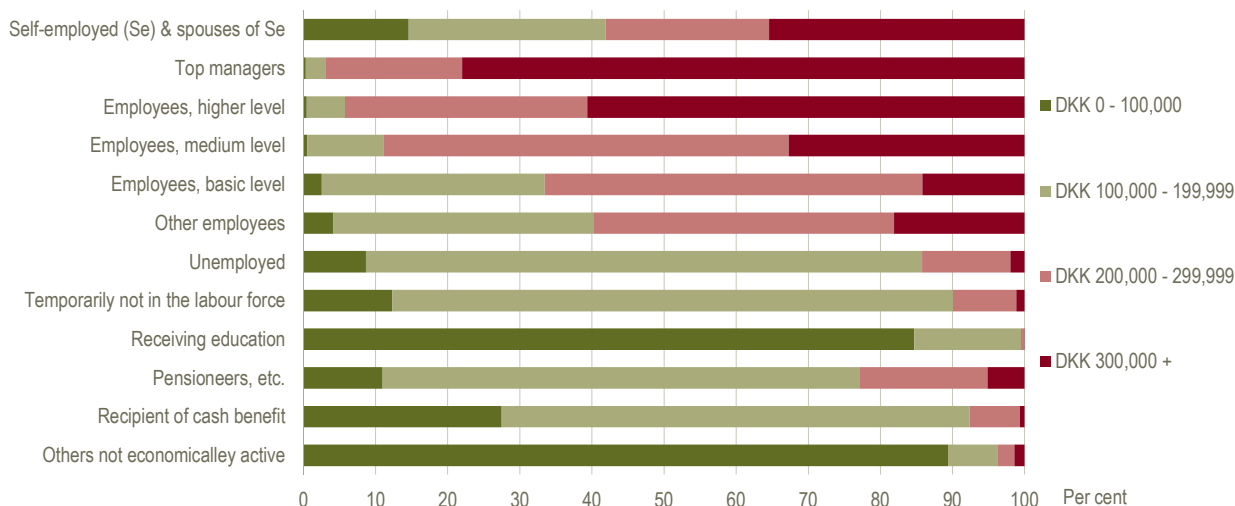
Average family income after taxes, i.e. the disposable family income, was DKK 338,300 in 2013. The highest average disposable family incomes were recorded in the municipalities north of Copenhagen. Family income was DKK 599,100 in Rudersdal and DKK 588,800 in Gentofte. The lowest average family incomes were found in Copenhagen with DKK 273,800. In Jutland, families in Skanderborg have the largest disposable income with DKK 413,500.

Figure 22 Average family income in municipalities in DKK. 2013**Personal income by socio-economic status**

When considering disposable personal incomes as they relate to socio-economic status, it is seen that only 0.3 per cent of all top-level managers (salaried employees

at upper levels) made less than DKK 100,000 in 2013. When considering the other end of the scale, 84,7 per cent of all students and 27,5 per cent of all recipients of cash benefits had incomes of less than DKK 100,000.

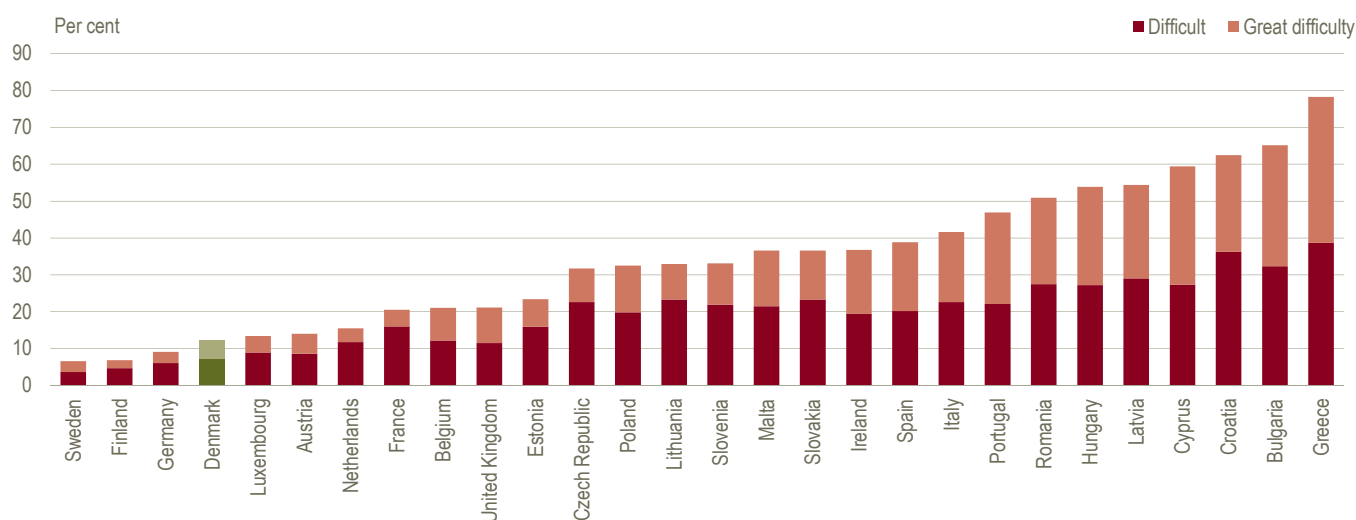
Figure 23 Distribution of disposable personal income by socio-economic groups. 2013



Can EU-households make ends meet?

In 2013 households from all over Europe participated in the SILC-survey. Here they were asked, whether they found it easy or difficult to make ends meet, considering the households total income. In Denmark 12.1 per cent of the population live in households that found it difficult or very difficult to make ends meet. The same was true for only 6.6 per cent of people living in Sweden. Greece is the EU-Country with most difficulties making ends meet for households, here it was 78.3 per cent in 2013.

Figure 24 Ability to make ends meet in EU. 2013



Source: Eurostat

Table 185 Population by industry in the censuses

	1834	1840	1845	1855	1860	1870	1880	1890	1901
	thousand persons								
Total population	1 224	1 283	1 350	1 500	1 601	1 785	1 969	2 172	2 450
Agriculture	704	720	744	816	853	934	1 006	997	1 015
Fishing and shipping	34	35	37	40	45	47	54	59	73
Trades and industry	261	302	334	389	423	460	511	606	721
Trade and sales	51	56	60	78	95	121	152	214	277
Non-material activities	81	82	83	86	92	106	132	159	194
Property	48	48	52	58	58	69	81	92	113
Assistance	45	41	40	33	35	48	33	45	56
	per cent								
Total population	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Agriculture	58	56	55	54	53	52	51	46	41
Fishing and shipping	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Trades and industry	21	24	25	26	26	26	26	28	29
Trade and sales	4	4	4	5	6	7	8	10	11
Non-material activities	7	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	8
Property	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
Assistance	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2

Note: Grouping by industry is per the census in 1890. Children living at home and married women, as well as people who are employed as domestic help are placed in the same industry group as the head of the household. The total population indicates the number of people in the region that belongs to Denmark proper at the time of the census. Due to rounding up/down, the totals are not precise.

Table 186 Population by industry in the censuses

	1901	1906	1911	1930	1940	1950	1960	1965	1970
	thousand persons								
Total population	2 450	2 589	2 757	3 551	3 844	4 281	4 585	4 768	4 938
Agriculture, etc.	975	999	1 041	1 127	1 066	1 012	861	703	495
Manufacturing	721	737	788	1 091	1 285	1 492	1 674	1 776	1 758
Trade and sales	238	291	310	421	484	557	631	661	681
Transport	126	138	162	236	249	306	335	331	330
Administration and professions	118	135	141	223	268	363	480	605	770
Industry not stated	53	68	73	86	73	63	31	43	69
Pension, property, assistance	219	220	241	367	418	487	574	649	834
	per cent								
Total population	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Agriculture, etc.	40	39	38	32	28	24	19	15	10
Manufacturing	29	28	29	31	33	35	37	37	36
Trade and sales	10	11	11	12	13	13	14	14	14
Transport	5	5	6	7	7	7	7	7	7
Administration and professions	5	5	5	6	7	8	10	13	16
Industry not stated	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1
Pension, property, assistance	9	8	9	10	11	11	13	14	17

Note: Children living at home and married women with no commercial employment as well as domestic help are placed in the same industry group as the head of the household. Grouping by occupation is per the census in 1950. 1901-1911 is excl. North Schleswig. Due to rounding up/down, the totals are not precise.

Source: Lars Bugge Andersen, et al. *Erhvervsstrukturens udvikling i Danmark 1901-1976*

Table 187 Employed persons by industry

	2003	2013
	thousand persons	
Total	2 741	2 660
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	92	70
Manufacturing, mining and quarrying, and utility services	443	315
Construction	167	152
Trade and transport etc.	638	631
Information and communication	103	99
Financial and insurance	80	79
Real estate	35	45
Other business services	234	276
Public administration, education and health	822	862
Arts, entertainment and recreation activities	114	116
Activity not stated	12	15

www.statbank.dk/ras150 and ras9

Table 188 Employees by sex and sector. 2013

	Men	Women	Total
	persons		
Total	1 248 228	1 208 734	2 456 962
Central government sector	108 595	103 837	212 432
Social security funds	605	1 581	2 186
Regions	29 576	109 403	138 979
Municipalities	117 874	388 145	506 019
General government, total	256 650	602 966	859 616
Public corporations, etc.	41 131	24 426	65 557
Public sector, total	297 781	627 392	925 173
Private sector, total	950 340	581 298	1 531 638
Foreign sector	107	44	151
Not stated sektor	-	-	-

www.statbank.dk/rasoff33

Table 189 Employed persons by sex, industry and socio-economic status. 2013

	Self-employed persons	Assisting spouses	Salaried employees					Salaried employees total	Employment total	
			Top managers	Upper levels	Intermediate levels	Basic levels	Other Not further specified			
— thousands —										
Men and women, total	198.4	5.0	101.0	603.0	287.0	1 030.4	235.1	200.5	2 457.0	2 660.3
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	33.0	1.9	0.2	0.8	0.8	11.0	2.8	19.8	35.5	70.4
Manufacturing, mining and quarrying, and utility services	8.3	0.2	18.2	35.4	42.6	164.4	29.5	16.6	306.7	315.2
Construction	17.0	0.3	6.3	3.5	9.0	84.3	20.1	11.6	134.8	152.2
Trade and transport etc.	41.0	1.2	28.7	27.9	63.0	322.1	78.4	68.5	588.5	630.7
Information and communication	7.9	0.1	5.1	40.1	17.1	16.9	5.5	6.8	91.5	99.4
Financial and insurance	0.4	0.0	5.8	31.1	19.4	17.6	1.4	3.4	78.8	79.2
Real estate	10.0	0.2	1.5	1.9	5.1	13.9	3.8	8.3	34.4	44.6
Other business services	32.2	0.6	9.8	60.4	39.6	60.4	51.0	21.7	242.9	275.7
Public administration, education and health	19.8	0.2	21.8	380.2	78.7	303.7	33.3	24.2	841.9	861.9
Arts, entertainment and recreation activities	14.3	0.1	3.7	21.7	11.7	36.0	9.3	19.6	101.9	116.4
Activity not stated	14.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	14.7
Men, total	141.4	0.6	72.8	248.9	136.0	536.1	131.3	123.2	1 248.2	1 390.3
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	29.8	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.5	8.5	2.1	14.8	26.5	56.4
Manufacturing, mining and quarrying, and utility services	6.5	0.0	15.4	24.7	25.1	119.5	21.3	10.9	217.0	223.5
Construction	16.4	0.0	5.7	2.9	6.6	77.2	19.2	9.8	121.4	137.9
Trade and transport etc.	30.0	0.2	21.8	16.2	37.6	181.3	46.1	42.8	345.7	376.0
Information and communication	6.8	0.0	4.0	29.6	12.2	8.3	3.3	4.9	62.3	69.1
Financial and insurance	0.4	0.0	4.3	17.4	9.6	5.7	0.6	2.1	39.6	40.0
Real estate	7.8	0.0	1.1	1.0	2.6	8.6	2.1	5.6	21.1	28.9
Other business services	21.6	0.1	7.3	36.9	17.2	30.6	25.5	12.6	130.0	151.7
Public administration, education and health	8.1	0.1	10.6	109.9	18.9	82.7	7.5	10.4	239.8	247.9
Arts, entertainment and recreation activities	5.4	0.0	2.4	10.0	5.7	13.7	3.7	9.3	44.7	50.1
Activity not stated	8.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	8.8
Women, total	57.0	4.4	28.3	354.1	151.0	494.3	103.8	77.2	1 208.7	1 270.1
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	3.2	1.8	0.0	0.3	0.3	2.5	0.8	5.1	9.0	14.0
Manufacturing, mining and quarrying, and utility services	1.8	0.2	2.8	10.7	17.5	44.9	8.2	5.7	89.7	91.7
Construction	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.6	2.4	7.1	0.9	1.8	13.4	14.3
Trade and transport etc.	11.0	1.0	6.8	11.8	25.4	140.8	32.3	25.7	242.8	254.8
Information and communication	1.1	0.1	1.2	10.5	4.9	8.6	2.2	1.8	29.1	30.3
Financial and insurance	0.0	0.0	1.4	13.8	9.9	11.9	0.9	1.4	39.2	39.2
Real estate	2.2	0.1	0.4	0.9	2.5	5.3	1.6	2.6	13.3	15.6
Other business services	10.6	0.5	2.6	23.5	22.4	29.8	25.5	9.1	112.9	124.1
Public administration, education and health	11.7	0.2	11.2	270.3	59.9	221.0	25.9	13.8	602.1	614.0
Arts, entertainment and recreation activities	8.9	0.1	1.3	11.7	6.0	22.4	5.6	10.3	57.2	66.2
Activity not stated	5.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.9

www.statbank.dk/rasa11

Table 190 Population by sex, region and socio-economic status. 2013

	Labour force population				Persons outside the labour force					Population Total
	Self-employed persons	Assisting spouses	Employees	Un-employed persons	Total	Temporarily outside the labour force	Retirement pensioners	Pensioners	Other persons outside the labour force	
	thousands									
Men and women, total	198.4	5.0	2 457.0	132.2	2 792.5	96.8	101.1	1 101.4	1 510.9	5 602.6
Region Hovedstaden	59.5	1.0	788.4	45.9	894.8	24.2	22.2	298.2	492.7	1 732.1
Region Sjælland	30.1	0.8	345.7	18.8	395.5	14.2	17.2	181.9	207.7	816.4
Region Syddanmark	41.4	1.3	508.2	28.7	579.6	22.2	24.6	258.5	316.5	1 201.4
Region Midtjylland	45.7	1.2	565.7	25.5	638.1	25.1	23.8	239.7	345.7	1 272.5
Region Nordjylland	21.7	0.7	249.0	13.3	284.6	11.1	13.2	123.1	148.3	580.3
Men, total	141.4	0.6	1 248.2	70.2	1 460.4	39.8	41.6	469.4	767.7	2 778.9
Region Hovedstaden	39.6	0.2	391.8	24.4	456.0	9.7	8.9	124.4	249.0	848.0
Region Sjælland	21.7	0.1	175.0	9.9	206.8	5.8	7.2	79.0	106.2	405.0
Region Syddanmark	30.3	0.1	261.2	15.4	307.0	9.2	10.4	111.0	161.0	598.6
Region Midtjylland	33.4	0.1	291.4	13.3	338.2	10.3	9.7	101.9	175.4	635.5
Region Nordjylland	16.3	0.1	128.8	7.2	152.4	4.8	5.5	53.1	76.1	291.9
Woman, total	57.0	4.4	1 208.7	62.0	1 332.1	57.0	59.5	632.0	743.2	2 823.8
Region Hovedstaden	19.9	0.9	396.6	21.5	438.8	14.5	13.3	173.8	243.7	884.1
Region Sjælland	8.4	0.7	170.7	8.9	188.6	8.4	10.1	102.9	101.5	411.4
Region Syddanmark	11.1	1.2	247.0	13.3	272.6	13.0	14.2	147.5	155.6	602.9
Region Midtjylland	12.3	1.0	274.3	12.3	299.9	14.9	14.2	137.8	170.2	637.1
Region Nordjylland	5.3	0.6	120.1	6.0	132.1	6.3	7.7	69.9	72.2	288.4

www.statbank.dk/ras120

Table 191 16-64-year-old persons analysed by ancestry and labour market attachment. 2013

	Population	Labour force	Persons employed	Activity rate	Employment rate
	persons			per cent	
Total population	3 555 574	2 647 101	2 514 936	74.4	70.7
Immigrants from:					
The Western World	155 127	98 603	92 221	63.6	59.4
The non-Western World	236 690	127 953	111 912	54.1	47.3
Afghanistan	9 963	4 617	3 970	46.3	39.8
Bosnia-Herzegovina	15 529	8 300	7 564	53.4	48.7
Iraq	18 969	7 755	6 489	40.9	34.2
Iran	12 038	6 448	5 692	53.6	47.3
Yugoslavia (former)	8 789	4 741	4 176	53.9	47.5
Lebanon	11 251	4 330	3 607	38.5	32.1
Pakistan	10 476	5 982	5 136	57.1	49.0
Somalia	9 212	3 555	2 464	38.6	26.7
Turkey	29 053	17 957	14 846	61.8	51.1
Descendants	55 761	32 869	29 691	58.9	53.2
Persons of Danish origin	3 107 996	2 387 676	2 281 112	76.8	73.4

www.statbank.dk/ras110 and ras120

Table 192 Commuting to and from work for employed population. 2013

	Commu- ting, total	No commu- ting	Until 5 km	5-10 km	10-20 km	20-30 km	30-40 km	40-50 km	Over 50 km	Not estimated	Average
Men and women, total	2 660 349	179 730	818 305	470 950	496 592	261 406	142 236	82 340	202 289	6 501	20.1
Region Hovedstaden	848 967	47 298	280 027	194 829	177 588	71 874	33 805	15 238	26 924	1 384	14.9
Region Sjælland	376 610	29 144	88 609	42 656	64 446	46 464	32 635	19 048	52 930	678	26.4
Region Syddanmark	550 883	40 235	170 800	94 299	96 730	55 581	27 011	15 741	48 477	2 009	21.9
Region Midtjylland	612 570	42 814	191 574	98 768	109 680	59 036	33 781	23 548	52 047	1 322	21.3
Region Nordjylland	271 319	20 239	87 295	40 398	48 148	28 451	15 004	8 765	21 911	1 108	22.4
Province Copenhagen Town	368 604	16 263	161 757	101 072	52 131	14 327	8 003	2 629	11 713	709	12.4
Province Copenhagen Suburbs	247 582	12 480	68 755	64 036	75 613	15 826	3 846	1 477	5 287	262	13.1
Province Nordsjælland	215 512	17 001	43 057	27 235	46 586	39 656	21 501	11 129	9 067	280	20.7
Province Bornholm	17 269	1 554	6 458	2 486	3 258	2 065	455	3	857	133	22.0
Province Østsjælland	115 772	7 873	23 195	12 717	20 845	21 035	16 976	7 957	5 028	146	22.6
Province Vest- og Sydsjælland	260 838	21 271	65 414	29 939	43 601	25 429	15 659	11 091	47 902	532	28.1
Province Fyn	216 470	15 519	68 016	39 191	36 873	19 409	9 858	6 792	19 784	1 028	22.2
Province Sydjylland	334 413	24 716	102 784	55 108	59 857	36 172	17 153	8 949	28 693	981	21.6
Province Østjylland	406 266	26 115	123 019	71 518	73 384	37 104	22 677	16 481	35 250	718	21.6
Province Vestjylland	206 304	16 699	68 555	27 250	36 296	21 932	11 104	7 067	16 797	604	20.7
Province Nordjylland	271 319	20 239	87 295	40 398	48 148	28 451	15 004	8 765	21 911	1 108	22.4
Men, total	1 390 263	128 653	377 791	229 421	248 734	136 070	78 510	48 697	136 554	5 833	23.8
Region Hovedstaden	431 639	32 011	124 010	94 285	94 204	39 554	19 510	9 361	17 567	1 137	17.1
Region Sjælland	196 859	21 120	38 973	19 350	29 182	23 339	17 717	11 142	35 414	622	31.5
Region Syddanmark	291 619	29 117	81 142	46 088	47 651	28 597	14 620	9 065	33 469	1 870	26.2
Region Midtjylland	324 927	31 213	91 323	48 993	54 166	30 230	18 627	14 089	35 092	1 194	24.8
Region Nordjylland	145 219	15 192	42 343	20 705	23 531	14 350	8 036	5 040	15 012	1 010	26.8
Province Copenhagen Town	185 708	10 809	72 920	49 921	29 774	8 664	4 501	1 524	7 044	551	14.2
Province Copenhagen Suburbs	126 846	8 542	29 542	31 353	40 805	9 240	2 453	964	3 727	220	15.1
Province Nordsjælland	109 964	11 547	18 415	11 779	22 019	20 552	12 332	6 871	6 201	248	23.8
Province Bornholm	9 121	1 113	3 133	1 232	1 606	1 098	224	2	595	118	27.4
Province Østsjælland	59 557	5 558	9 616	5 568	9 860	11 308	9 600	4 630	3 284	133	25.8
Province Vest- og Sydsjælland	137 302	15 562	29 357	13 782	19 322	12 031	8 117	6 512	32 130	489	34.0
Province Fyn	112 824	11 107	31 605	18 498	17 896	9 974	5 244	3 857	13 694	949	27.1
Province Sydjylland	178 795	18 010	49 537	27 590	29 755	18 623	9 376	5 208	19 775	921	25.6
Province Østjylland	212 674	18 770	57 096	35 015	36 157	19 114	12 629	9 894	23 360	639	25.2
Province Vestjylland	112 253	12 443	34 227	13 978	18 009	11 116	5 998	4 195	11 732	555	24.0
Province Nordjylland	145 219	15 192	42 343	20 705	23 531	14 350	8 036	5 040	15 012	1 010	26.8
Women, total	1 270 086	51 077	440 514	241 529	247 858	125 336	63 726	33 643	65 735	668	16.4
Region Hovedstaden	417 328	15 287	156 017	100 544	83 384	32 320	14 295	5 877	9 357	247	12.6
Region Sjælland	179 751	8 024	49 636	23 306	35 264	23 125	14 918	7 906	17 516	56	21.2
Region Syddanmark	259 264	11 118	89 658	48 211	49 079	26 984	12 391	6 676	15 008	139	17.3
Region Midtjylland	287 643	11 601	100 251	49 775	55 514	28 806	15 154	9 459	16 955	128	17.6
Region Nordjylland	126 100	5 047	44 952	19 693	24 617	14 101	6 968	3 725	6 899	98	17.7
Province Copenhagen Town	182 896	5 454	88 837	51 151	22 357	5 663	3 502	1 105	4 669	158	10.7
Province Copenhagen Suburbs	120 736	3 938	39 213	32 683	34 808	6 586	1 393	513	1 560	42	11.0
Province Nordsjælland	105 548	5 454	24 642	15 456	24 567	19 104	9 169	4 258	2 866	32	17.7
Province Bornholm	8 148	441	3 325	1 254	1 652	967	231	1	262	15	16.4
Province Østsjælland	56 215	2 315	13 579	7 149	10 985	9 727	7 376	3 327	1 744	13	19.4
Province Vest- og Sydsjælland	123 536	5 709	36 057	16 157	24 279	13 398	7 542	4 579	15 772	43	22.0
Province Fyn	103 646	4 412	36 411	20 693	18 977	9 435	4 614	2 935	6 090	79	17.3
Province Sydjylland	155 618	6 706	53 247	27 518	30 102	17 549	7 777	3 741	8 918	60	17.3
Province Østjylland	193 592	7 345	65 923	36 503	37 227	17 990	10 048	6 587	11 890	79	17.9
Province Vestjylland	94 051	4 256	34 328	13 272	18 287	10 816	5 106	2 872	5 065	49	17.0
Province Nordjylland	126 100	5 047	44 952	19 693	24 617	14 101	6 968	3 725	6 899	98	17.7

Note: Regions and provinces indicates the area of residence.

www.statbank.dk/afstb1 and afstb2

Table 193 Commuting to and from work in major municipalities. 2013

	Persons with workplace in the area			Employed persons resident in the area			Incoming commuters, net		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	persons								
Region Hovedstaden	475 250	444 689	919 939	431 639	417 328	848 967	43 611	27 361	70 972
Region Sjælland	159 573	156 036	315 609	196 859	179 751	376 610	-37 286	-23 715	-61 001
Region Syddanmark	286 170	259 000	545 170	291 619	259 264	550 883	-5 449	-264	-5 713
Region Midtjylland	320 927	284 047	604 974	291 619	259 264	550 883	29 308	24 783	54 091
Region Nordjylland	142 510	125 646	268 156	145 219	126 100	271 319	-2 709	-454	-3 163
Province Copenhagen Town	207 841	210 631	418 472	185 708	182 896	368 604	22 133	27 735	49 868
Copenhagen	173 642	178 270	351 912	146 613	143 142	289 755	27 029	35 128	62 157
Frederiksberg	18 181	21 452	39 633	25 558	26 433	51 991	-7 377	-4 981	-12 358
Province Copenhagen Suburbs	171 270	141 229	312 499	126 846	120 736	247 582	44 424	20 493	64 917
Ballerup	22 338	17 664	40 002	11 072	10 603	21 675	11 266	7 061	18 327
Gentofte	17 366	19 486	36 852	17 915	17 927	35 842	-549	1 559	1 010
Gladsaxe	20 461	17 281	37 742	16 271	15 602	31 873	4 190	1 679	5 869
Høje-Taastrup	14 130	12 072	26 202	12 607	11 949	24 556	1 523	123	1 646
Lyngby-Taarbæk	16 298	12 606	28 904	11 918	10 656	22 574	4 380	1 950	6 330
Province Nordsjælland	16 937	14 650	31 587	13 165	12 892	26 057	3 772	1 758	5 530
Hillerød	87 289	84 770	172 059	109 964	105 548	215 512	-22 675	-20 778	-43 453
Province Bornholm	12 543	14 680	27 223	12 192	12 082	24 274	351	2 598	2 949
Province Østsjælland	8 850	8 059	16 909	9 121	8 148	17 269	-271	-89	-360
Roskilde	48 410	46 759	95 169	59 557	56 215	115 772	-11 147	-9 456	-20 603
Province Vest-og Sydsjælland	19 198	20 529	39 727	20 787	20 060	40 847	-1 589	469	-1 120
Holbæk	111 163	109 277	220 440	137 302	123 536	260 838	-26 139	-14 259	-40 398
Næstved	13 078	13 734	26 812	17 189	15 853	33 042	-4 111	-2 119	-6 230
Slagelse	14 725	16 457	31 182	19 871	18 194	38 065	-5 146	-1 737	-6 883
Province Fyn	16 031	15 741	31 772	18 177	16 705	34 882	-2 146	-964	-3 110
Odense	103 614	100 598	204 212	112 824	103 646	216 470	-9 210	-3 048	-12 258
Province Sydjylland	46 914	48 364	95 278	44 019	42 524	86 543	2 895	5 840	8 735
Esbjerg	182 556	158 402	340 958	178 795	155 618	334 413	3 761	2 784	6 545
Fredericia	31 197	27 306	58 503	28 427	25 578	54 005	2 770	1 728	4 498
Kolding	25 983	22 739	48 722	22 724	20 557	43 281	3 259	2 182	5 441
Sønderborg	17 025	15 756	32 781	17 335	15 287	32 622	-310	469	159
Vejle	25 908	24 356	50 264	27 882	24 754	52 636	-1 974	-398	-2 372
Aabenraa	14 199	12 307	26 506	14 187	12 301	26 488	12	6	18
Province Østjylland	205 683	187 941	393 624	212 674	193 592	406 266	-6 991	-5 651	-12 642
Horsens	21 223	19 247	40 470	21 590	18 734	40 324	-367	513	146
Randers	19 835	20 114	39 949	23 473	21 141	44 614	-3 638	-1 027	-4 665
Silkeborg	19 982	18 079	38 061	23 025	20 451	43 476	-3 043	-2 372	-5 415
Aarhus	91 091	85 018	176 109	77 914	75 197	153 111	13 177	9 821	22 998
Province Vestjylland	115 244	96 106	211 350	112 253	94 051	206 304	2 991	2 055	5 046
Herning	23 550	20 027	43 577	22 874	19 274	42 148	676	753	1 429
Holstebro	15 124	14 122	29 246	15 002	13 127	28 129	122	995	1 117
Ringkøbing-Skjern	16 202	12 346	28 548	15 532	12 546	28 078	670	-200	470
Viborg	25 681	22 267	47 948	24 642	21 112	45 754	1 039	1 155	2 194
Province Nordjylland	142 510	125 646	268 156	145 219	126 100	271 319	-2 709	-454	-3 163
Frederikshavn	15 307	12 773	28 080	14 764	12 793	27 557	543	-20	523
Hjørring	15 005	14 195	29 200	16 200	14 442	30 642	-1 195	-247	-1 442
Aalborg	54 360	49 647	104 007	50 067	45 619	95 686	4 293	4 028	8 321

www.statbank.dk/rasa11 and rasb11

Table 194 Absence due to own sickness by age. 2013

	Governmental sector			Municipality and regional sector			Private sector		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	average no. of absence days per full-time employed								
Age. total	6.16	8.74	7.30	8.90	13.05	12.09	5.51	7.99	6.42
-19 years	6.80	5.95	6.44	6.37	10.76	9.82	4.10	3.48	3.86
20-24 years	8.25	9.77	8.69	8.35	12.41	11.41	5.84	6.79	6.21
25-29 years	6.46	7.55	6.90	8.42	14.54	13.32	5.41	8.53	6.62
30-34 years	5.46	8.19	6.74	8.02	14.39	13.03	5.64	8.92	6.88
35-39 years	5.41	9.09	7.20	8.34	13.60	12.45	5.46	8.46	6.58
40-44 years	5.59	8.84	7.20	8.53	12.74	11.83	5.28	7.85	6.25
45-49 years	5.58	8.73	7.06	8.73	12.69	11.86	5.11	8.03	6.20
50-54 years	6.17	8.49	7.17	8.83	12.69	11.87	5.79	7.80	6.51
55-59 years	7.33	9.41	8.14	10.23	12.89	12.21	6.11	8.39	6.88
60 years +	6.56	9.06	7.51	9.61	11.58	10.95	5.69	7.62	6.22

www.statbank.dk/fra05

Table 195 Absence due to own sickness by occupation. 2013

	Governmental sector	Municipality and regional sector	Private sector
	average no. of absence days per full-time employed		
Total	7.30	12.09	6.42
Armed forces occupations	7.77	•	•
Managers	4.24	6.11	3.37
Professionals	5.75	11.60	5.46
Technicians and associate professionals	8.45	9.98	5.95
Clerical support workers	9.40	10.96	7.31
Service and sales workers	9.05	14.13	7.01
Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers	7.98	11.84	6.77
Craft and related trades workers	9.19	9.53	7.07
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	5.83	6.02	7.55
Elementary occupations	11.90	12.85	7.63

www.statbank.dk/fra011

	Work stoppages		Number of employees involved		Number of working days lost	
	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013
	Number					
Total	225	197	8 589	57 319	10 200	930 300
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	2	2	45	42	0	0
Manufacturing, total	100	57	4 278	3 487	6 400	6 400
Of which:						
Manufacture of food, beverages and tobacco	33	10	993	736	1 800	3 000
Mfr. of textiles and leather	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	9	4	89	257	0	200
Mfr. of chemicals and plastic products	2	21	75	1 360	100	800
Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	5	3	331	144	800	300
Mfr. of basic metals and fabricated products	48	15	2 747	748	3 500	1 700
Mfr. of furniture, manufacturing n.e.c.	3	4	43	242	200	300
Electricity, gas and water supply	0	2	0	34	0	0
Construction	77	63	2 229	1 066	2 000	1 100
Wholesale and retail trade	7	7	431	731	400	1 900
Hotels and restaurants	1	1	91	80	0	0
Transport, post and telecomm.	19	39	1 087	1 035	600	500
State, counties and municipalities	11	15	246	50 462	600	919 900
Other	8	11	182	382	300	400
Activity not stated	0	0	0	0	0	0

www.statbank.dk/abst1

Table 197 Earnings by occupation and sector. 2013

		Earnings	Overtime payment	Sickness with pay	Nuisance bonus	Fringe benefits	Irregular payments	Pension incl. ATP	Basic earnings	Standardized monthly earnings
		DKK per hour worked					DKK			
Total	All	296.81	1.04	9.41	4.80	2.01	5.21	36.31	238.03	39 317
	Corp. and organiz.	303.41	1.24	6.44	3.30	3.14	6.12	36.07	247.10	40 631
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	285.71	0.70	14.41	7.33	0.12	3.70	36.72	222.73	37 103
Armed forces occupations	All	278.02	0.01	11.99	13.37	0.09	15.25	28.03	209.28	36 475
	Corp. and organiz.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	278.02	0.01	11.99	13.37	0.09	15.25	28.03	209.28	36 475
Managers	All	493.14	0.16	8.27	0.80	14.10	15.56	60.74	393.52	66 719
	Corp. and organiz.	510.07	0.17	7.39	0.78	17.20	17.01	60.95	406.57	69 116
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	418.95	0.09	12.09	0.90	0.52	9.23	59.80	336.32	56 216
Professionals	All	342.69	0.72	12.77	4.05	1.28	6.14	44.74	272.98	45 103
	Corp. and organiz.	383.62	0.36	8.29	1.39	2.88	9.14	47.94	313.62	51 319
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	313.43	0.98	15.96	5.96	0.13	4.00	42.46	243.94	40 659
Technicians and associate professionals	All	310.28	0.42	8.64	2.18	3.26	5.20	38.82	251.76	41 331
	Corp. and organiz.	320.59	0.42	6.71	2.20	4.44	6.21	39.02	261.59	42 999
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	282.93	0.43	13.76	2.13	0.15	2.53	38.27	225.66	36 902
Clerical support workers	All	255.60	0.58	7.30	1.80	1.00	3.07	31.32	210.52	33 995
	Corp. and organiz.	256.94	0.63	6.10	1.97	1.20	3.26	30.84	212.93	34 337
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	249.99	0.39	12.35	1.07	0.14	2.28	33.35	200.41	32 559
Service and sales workers	All	227.92	0.51	9.25	10.63	0.68	2.55	24.08	180.22	29 904
	Corp. and organiz.	216.94	0.51	3.97	5.00	1.52	2.80	22.35	180.79	29 275
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	236.31	0.51	13.28	14.93	0.04	2.36	25.40	179.79	30 385
Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers	All	223.80	0.86	6.18	1.44	0.54	2.11	25.46	187.20	29 848
	Corp. and organiz.	218.84	1.48	4.82	1.97	0.84	2.44	24.00	183.29	29 262
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	229.34	0.17	7.71	0.84	0.21	1.74	27.11	191.58	30 505
Craft and related trades workers	All	257.39	2.89	6.71	4.65	0.64	4.83	30.59	207.09	34 160
	Corp. and organiz.	256.99	2.95	6.46	4.63	0.66	4.91	30.42	206.96	34 131
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	267.41	1.29	12.93	5.07	0.19	2.91	34.88	210.14	34 882
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	All	241.69	3.70	6.53	8.19	0.30	3.13	28.08	191.76	31 942
	Corp. and organiz.	241.35	3.71	6.50	8.18	0.30	3.12	28.02	191.52	31 897
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	284.62	2.00	10.34	8.84	0.59	3.84	36.24	222.77	37 742
Elementary occupations	All	212.57	1.97	5.86	4.39	0.28	2.42	23.18	174.47	28 255
	Corp. and organiz.	212.49	2.40	4.37	4.51	0.34	2.66	22.86	175.36	28 417
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	212.87	0.42	11.16	3.98	0.05	1.59	24.34	171.32	27 675

Note: New names have been allocated to the sectors. The private sector now covers companies and organizations. The state, municipal and regional sectors cover the general government. The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 years and students.

www.statbank.dk/lons20

Table 198 Earnings by industry and sector. 2013

		Earnings	Overtime payment	Sickness with pay	Nuisance bonus	Fringe benefits	Irregular payments	Pension incl. ATP	Basic earnings	Standardized monthly earnings	
		DKK per hour worked					DKK				
Total	All	296.81	1.04	9.41	4.80	2.01	5.21	36.31	238.03	39 317	
	Corp. and organiz.	303.41	1.24	6.44	3.30	3.14	6.12	36.07	247.10	40 631	
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	285.71	0.70	14.41	7.33	0.12	3.70	36.72	222.73	37 103	
Agriculture, forestry and Fishing	All	274.67	0.32	11.37	0.55	0.61	4.38	38.08	219.36	36 220	
	Corp. and organiz.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	274.67	0.32	11.37	0.55	0.61	4.38	38.08	219.36	36 220	
Manufacturing, mining and Quarrying, and utility services	All	303.81	1.82	7.26	4.92	2.80	6.49	37.50	243.03	40 586	
	Corp. and organiz.	304.00	1.83	7.22	4.91	2.81	6.50	37.51	243.21	40 617	
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	269.20	0.56	12.95	6.77	0.05	3.39	34.97	210.52	35 157	
Construction	All	275.51	2.51	5.78	2.73	2.83	7.05	32.59	222.02	36 849	
	Corp. and organiz.	275.98	2.49	5.57	2.54	2.90	7.18	32.66	222.65	36 942	
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	258.55	3.15	13.28	9.67	0.18	2.61	30.30	199.36	33 489	
Trade and transport etc.	All	275.23	1.31	5.74	3.76	4.16	5.05	31.49	223.74	36 906	
	Corp. and organiz.	275.38	1.31	5.64	3.74	4.22	5.09	31.45	223.92	36 938	
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	265.93	1.16	12.06	4.87	0.25	2.29	33.71	211.58	34 824	
Information and communication	All	369.56	0.48	7.51	1.68	3.97	10.09	42.26	303.58	49 614	
	Corp. and organiz.	369.99	0.49	7.19	1.74	4.09	10.51	41.99	303.98	49 727	
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	359.45	0.08	15.00	0.13	1.21	0.11	48.52	294.40	46 985	
Financial and insurance	All	405.51	0.66	9.24	1.15	2.71	9.86	59.28	322.61	53 402	
	Corp. and organiz.	405.75	0.66	9.24	1.15	2.72	9.88	59.32	322.78	53 434	
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	312.71	0.03	12.10	0.00	0.24	1.01	44.80	254.54	40 996	
Real estate	All	282.83	0.29	5.54	1.05	1.88	2.81	33.84	237.43	38 277	
	Corp. and organiz.	281.86	0.28	5.37	0.99	1.94	2.63	33.54	237.11	38 168	
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	315.76	0.71	10.99	3.07	0.02	8.84	43.80	248.33	42 003	
Other business services	All	304.06	0.72	6.88	2.40	2.22	5.05	33.56	253.23	40 828	
	Corp. and organiz.	310.57	0.78	5.69	2.35	2.60	5.54	33.26	260.35	41 892	
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	268.32	0.40	13.43	2.69	0.14	2.34	35.24	214.10	34 980	
Public administration, education and health	All	285.39	0.68	13.88	7.41	0.15	3.81	36.47	222.98	37 133	
	Corp. and organiz.	269.99	0.22	6.13	3.62	0.66	3.73	31.54	224.09	36 234	
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	286.88	0.73	14.63	7.78	0.11	3.82	36.95	222.87	37 220	
Arts, entertainment and recreation activities	All	298.74	0.44	7.76	1.22	1.12	2.48	34.93	250.79	39 924	
	Corp. and organiz.	312.14	0.62	6.99	1.06	1.48	2.41	37.00	262.58	41 818	
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	269.79	0.05	9.44	1.56	0.35	2.62	30.44	225.34	35 835	

Note: New names have been allocated to the sectors. The private sector now covers companies and organizations. The state, municipal and regional sectors cover the general government. The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 years and students.

www.statbank.dk/lons40

Table 199 Earnings by education and sector. 2013

		Earnings	Overtime payment	Sickness with pay	Nuisance bonus	Fringe benefits	Irregular payments	Pension incl. ATP	Basic earnings	Standardized monthly earnings
		DKK per hour worked					DKK			
Total	All	296.81	1.04	9.41	4.80	2.01	5.21	36.31	238.03	39 317
	Corp. and organiz.	303.41	1.24	6.44	3.30	3.14	6.12	36.07	247.10	40 631
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	285.71	0.70	14.41	7.33	0.12	3.70	36.72	222.73	37 103
Basic school 8-10 grade	All	238.43	1.83	7.32	5.37	0.99	3.29	27.12	192.52	31 548
	Corp. and organiz.	240.83	2.32	5.65	4.96	1.30	3.52	27.30	195.78	32 078
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	231.33	0.39	12.24	6.56	0.07	2.63	26.56	182.88	29 985
General upper secondary school	All	267.78	0.65	6.89	5.32	1.77	4.87	29.55	218.72	35 761
	Corp. and organiz.	281.14	0.77	5.44	4.62	2.54	5.56	31.36	230.86	37 747
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	238.69	0.41	10.05	6.83	0.09	3.38	25.63	192.31	31 439
Vocational upper secondary school	All	279.90	0.58	6.60	3.51	3.32	5.43	31.68	228.79	37 495
	Corp. and organiz.	289.69	0.63	5.81	2.92	4.10	5.82	32.79	237.63	38 926
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	239.32	0.36	9.87	5.97	0.09	3.79	27.07	192.16	31 559
Vocational education	All	270.40	1.20	8.26	5.49	1.98	4.19	32.44	216.84	35 829
	Corp. and organiz.	277.99	1.46	6.16	3.63	2.73	4.76	33.35	225.90	37 172
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	251.09	0.52	13.58	10.22	0.08	2.74	30.13	193.81	32 413
Short-cycle higher education	All	310.06	0.65	8.37	3.60	3.14	5.27	38.57	250.45	41 303
	Corp. and organiz.	321.24	0.52	6.89	1.89	4.19	6.04	39.75	261.97	43 019
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	278.56	1.03	12.56	8.43	0.18	3.10	35.26	218.01	36 468
Medium-cycle higher education	All	319.58	0.47	13.71	4.82	1.81	4.74	41.00	253.03	41 801
	Corp. and organiz.	380.49	0.42	7.29	1.98	5.38	8.72	47.09	309.60	51 177
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	290.15	0.50	16.81	6.19	0.09	2.81	38.06	225.69	37 271
Bachelor	All	316.08	0.58	8.02	2.58	3.03	6.85	37.50	257.52	42 246
	Corp. and organiz.	333.03	0.39	6.41	1.68	4.31	7.92	37.77	274.55	44 772
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	278.12	1.02	11.61	4.59	0.15	4.45	36.90	219.38	36 591
Long-cycle higher education	All	409.78	0.93	11.42	2.99	2.99	10.57	53.81	327.07	54 627
	Corp. and organiz.	436.18	0.27	8.70	0.89	5.35	12.96	53.66	354.35	58 561
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	379.48	1.68	14.54	5.41	0.28	7.82	53.98	295.77	50 113
PhD-degree	All	448.34	0.74	11.13	4.42	1.77	11.72	63.39	355.18	60 219
	Corp. and organiz.	492.43	0.08	9.61	0.49	4.38	17.35	64.59	395.93	66 311
	Govnm. incl. social sec. funds	422.75	1.12	12.01	6.70	0.25	8.46	62.69	331.53	56 684

Note: New names have been allocated to the sectors. The private sector now covers companies and organizations. The state, municipal and regional sectors cover the general government. The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 years and students.

www.statbank.dk/lons10

Table 200 Total labour costs in the private sector by occupation. 2013

	Total labour costs	Earnings	Other labour costs	Of which						
				Contributions to public funds	Refunds from public funds	Other compulsory costs	Contributions according to agreement	Refunds according to agreement	Education	Other staff costs
DKK per hour worked										
Total	315.15	302.58	12.57	6.06	4.22	1.63	0.59	0.15	1.68	6.98
Managers	530.31	509.29	21.02	8.51	1.73	2.06	0.79	0.12	1.63	9.89
Professionals	400.08	381.29	18.79	9.82	3.89	1.10	0.49	0.16	2.72	8.71
Technicians and associate professionals	334.91	320.45	14.46	7.18	4.06	1.40	0.54	0.17	2.00	7.57
Clerical support workers	269.51	257.03	12.48	6.94	4.98	1.29	0.49	0.16	1.85	7.05
Service and sales workers	221.08	215.56	5.52	3.13	5.19	1.34	0.50	0.08	1.03	4.79
Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers	225.19	219.81	5.38	4.15	6.70	1.73	0.57	0.17	0.97	4.85
Craft and related trades workers	264.50	256.62	7.88	2.55	4.26	2.61	0.70	0.11	0.93	5.47
Plant and machine operators, and assemblers	246.97	239.12	7.85	3.04	4.47	2.21	0.75	0.17	0.87	5.62
Elementary occupations	218.43	212.20	6.23	2.74	4.87	1.88	0.64	0.15	0.95	5.04

Note: The statistics exclude apprentices and young people below 18 years of age. Total labour costs are calculated net of deductions for any subsidies, etc.

www.statbank.dk/sao32 and sao42

Table 201 Total labour costs in the private sector by industry. 2013

	Total labour costs	Earnings	Other labour costs	Of which						
				Contributions to public funds	Refunds from public funds	Other compulsory costs	Contributions according to agreement	Refunds according to agreement	Education	Other staff costs
DKK per hour worked										
Total	315.15	302.58	12.57	6.06	4.22	1.63	0.59	0.15	1.68	6.98
Manufacturing, mining and quarrying, and utility services	313.34	304.01	9.33	2.46	3.74	2.22	0.76	0.15	1.06	6.71
Construction	284.61	275.99	8.62	2.49	3.10	3.61	0.73	0.12	0.62	4.39
Trade and transport etc.	281.41	274.30	7.11	2.72	4.66	1.48	0.54	0.13	1.08	6.08
Information and communication	382.64	369.75	12.89	2.38	3.28	0.96	0.56	0.07	2.39	9.95
Financial and insurance	461.55	405.83	55.72	43.54	4.29	0.40	0.53	0.38	4.88	11.04
Real estate	297.52	281.96	15.56	11.44	4.94	1.19	0.49	0.08	1.56	5.90
Other business services	319.27	308.63	10.64	2.53	4.03	0.87	0.47	0.15	2.38	8.56
Education and health	271.92	266.49	5.43	4.23	6.28	1.55	0.35	0.11	2.02	3.68
Arts, entertainment and recreation activities	322.90	306.53	16.37	10.63	5.25	1.49	0.45	0.11	2.17	6.98

Note: The statistics exclude apprentices and young people below 18 years of age. Total labour costs are calculated net of deductions for any subsidies, etc.

www.statbank.dk/sao12 and sao21

Table 202 Average hours of work per week in main job. 2014

	Usual hours			Actual hours		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Woman	Total
Total	37.1	31.9	34.7	32.7	26.8	29.9
Age						
15-29 years	28.2	22.3	25.3	25.2	18.6	22.0
30-54 years	40.1	35.3	37.8	35.2	29.5	32.5
55-66 years	39.2	34.2	36.9	34.3	29.0	31.9
Industry						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	44.2	34.7	42.5	42.2	31.4	40.3
Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and utility services	38.4	34.6	37.2	33.9	29.7	32.7
Construction	39.7	32.5	39.1	34.2	26.6	33.5
Trade and transport etc.	35.4	27.2	32.0	31.8	23.5	28.3
Information and communication	38.4	33.6	37.2	34.0	29.1	32.7
Financial and insurance	39.5	35.3	37.6	33.6	29.8	31.9
Real estate	37.5	32.8	35.9	32.4	26.6	30.4
Other business services	38.0	32.8	35.7	33.8	27.3	30.9
Public administration, education and health	35.6	33.3	34.0	30.4	27.5	28.4
Arts, entertainment and other services	32.2	28.3	29.9	27.6	24.1	25.5

www.statbank.dk/aku502 and aku503

Table 203 Gross unemployment by sex and region. 2013

	Full time unemployed persons			Full time unemployed persons as percentage		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	number of persons			per cent		
Denmark, total	78 829	74 087	152 916	5.8	5.8	5.8
Region Hovedstaden	27 132	25 092	52 224	6.3	5.9	6.1
Region Sjælland	11 139	10 532	21 671	5.8	5.8	5.8
Region Syddanmark	16 734	15 594	32 328	5.8	6.0	5.9
Region Midtjylland	15 364	15 238	30 601	4.9	5.3	5.1
Region Nordjylland	7 926	7 203	15 129	5.6	5.7	5.6
Province København by	13 951	12 989	26 940	7.3	6.9	7.1
Province Københavns omegn	7 728	7 102	14 831	6.1	5.8	6.0
Province Nordsjælland	4 822	4 454	9 276	4.6	4.3	4.4
Province Bornholm	631	546	1 177	7.0	6.6	6.8
Province Østsjælland	2 682	2 646	5 327	4.6	4.7	4.7
Province Vest- og Sydsjælland	8 457	7 887	16 344	6.3	6.3	6.3
Province Fyn	7 718	6 688	14 407	6.9	6.4	6.6
Province Sydjylland	9 016	8 905	17 921	5.2	5.7	5.4
Province Østjylland	10 554	10 405	20 959	5.1	5.4	5.2
Province Vestjylland	4 810	4 833	9 642	4.5	5.2	4.8
Province Nordjylland	7 926	7 203	15 129	5.6	5.7	5.6

www.statbank.dk/aul01 and aulp01

Table 204

Unemployed persons as a percentage of the labour force by sex, age and region. 2013

	Men			Women			Men and women, total		
	Under 30 years	30 years +	Total	Under 30 years	30 years +	Total	Under 30 years	30 years +	Total
Denmark, total	6.6	5.5	5.8	6.4	5.6	5.8	6.5	5.6	5.8
Region Hovedstaden	6.5	6.2	6.3	5.6	6.0	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.1
Region Sjælland	7.5	5.4	5.8	7.4	5.5	5.8	7.5	5.4	5.8
Region Syddanmark	6.6	5.6	5.8	6.9	5.7	6.0	6.7	5.7	5.9
Region Midtjylland	5.9	4.6	4.9	6.2	5.0	5.3	6.1	4.8	5.1
Region Nordjylland	6.9	5.2	5.6	7.1	5.2	5.7	7.0	5.2	5.6
Province København by	6.0	7.8	7.3	5.3	7.7	6.9	5.6	7.7	7.1
Province Københavns omegn	7.7	5.7	6.1	6.6	5.6	5.8	7.1	5.7	6.0
Province Nordsjælland	6.0	4.3	4.6	5.0	4.2	4.3	5.5	4.2	4.4
Province Bornholm	8.0	6.8	7.0	7.0	6.6	6.6	7.6	6.7	6.8
Province Østsjælland	6.4	4.2	4.6	5.6	4.5	4.7	6.0	4.4	4.7
Province Vest- og Sydsjælland	7.9	5.9	6.3	8.2	5.9	6.3	8.1	5.9	6.3
Province Fyn	7.6	6.7	6.9	7.1	6.1	6.4	7.4	6.4	6.6
Province Sydjylland	5.9	5.0	5.2	6.7	5.4	5.7	6.3	5.2	5.4
Province Østjylland	6.2	4.7	5.1	6.2	5.1	5.4	6.2	4.9	5.2
Province Vestjylland	5.3	4.2	4.5	6.4	4.8	5.2	5.8	4.5	4.8
Province Nordjylland	6.9	5.2	5.6	7.1	5.2	5.7	7.0	5.2	5.6

www.statbank.dk/aul01 and aulp01

Table 205

Gross unemployed persons by sex and age. 2013

	Unemployed persons (full time)			Unemployed persons as percentage of the labour force (full time)		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	number of persons			per cent		
Total	78 829	74 087	152 916	5.8	5.8	5.8
16-24 years	8 892	7 282	16 173	4.9	4.0	4.5
25-29 years	11 272	11 590	22 862	9.1	10.3	9.7
30-34 years	9 721	10 511	20 233	6.9	8.1	7.5
35-39 years	8 756	10 066	18 821	5.4	6.5	5.9
40-44 years	8 711	9 050	17 761	5.1	5.6	5.3
45-49 years	9 553	8 817	18 370	5.1	5.0	5.1
50-54 years	8 886	7 174	16 060	5.6	4.7	5.2
55-59 years	8 390	6 649	15 039	5.8	4.8	5.3
60-64 years	4 649	2 948	7 597	4.8	4.1	4.5

Note: The figures in the table are based on information for the relevant persons at the end of December.

www.statbank.dk/aul01 and aulp01

Table 206 Insured persons unemployed by sex and unemployment insurance fund. 2013

	Insured persons unemployed			Unemployed as percentage of labour force		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
Total	62 048	62 777	124 826	5.9	5.8	5.8
Academics (AAK)	3 796	3 763	7 559	3.6	4.9	4.2
Business	769	303	1 071	3.9	4.7	4.1
Builder	1 215	411	1 626	8.6	12.0	9.3
Early Childhood Teachers & Youth Educators	358	2 068	2 426	4.1	4.2	4.2
Danish Health Organizations (DSA)	157	1 169	1 326	2.8	1.4	1.5
The Professional house	3 148	2 814	5 963	6.8	7.9	7.2
Electrical Trade	729	16	746	3.5	7.4	3.6
Trade and labour (FOA)	1 248	7 328	8 575	5.8	5.3	5.3
General Workers (3FA)	18 531	8 198	26 729	10.1	12.3	10.7
Independent Employees (FFA)	560	759	1 318	5.1	5.3	5.2
Salaried Employees and Service Ind.	526	564	1 090	4.5	7.0	5.6
Salaried Employees and Public Servants (FTF-A)	2 104	3 310	5 414	3.9	4.4	4.2
Danish Food (NNF)	984	491	1 476	7.3	8.7	7.7
Commercial and Clerical Employees (HK)	3 490	9 403	12 893	6.5	5.9	6.1
Engineers (IAK)	605	1 074	1 679	7.6	7.8	7.7
Journalism, Communications and Languages	6 497	7 510	14 008	6.9	8.4	7.6
The Christian Unemployment Fund	2 133	1 023	3 156	3.1	3.7	3.3
Managers and Executives	666	1 695	2 360	3.1	3.3	3.2
School teachers (DLF-A)	1 514	2 642	4 156	6.1	7.2	6.8
Masters (MA)	4 328	230	4 558	5.7	10.0	5.9
Metal Workers	1 277	692	1 969	4.2	5.1	4.5
My unemployment Fund	891	579	1 470	4.4	6.0	5.0
Self-employed Persons (DANA)	4 029	3 129	7 158	4.2	5.9	4.8
Self-employed Persons (ASE)	329	1 047	1 377	3.9	3.9	3.9
Workers in Social Education (SLA)	838	1 134	1 972	6.2	9.2	7.6
Technicians and Engineers	1 326	1 425	2 751	5.4	6.2	5.7
Business Economists (CA)	1 268	1 265	2 533	5.5	6.0	5.7

Note: The number of insured persons is measured at the end of the year, excl. persons on voluntary early-retirement pay.

Table 207 Gross unemployed persons by sex and country of origin

	Men		Women		Total	
	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013
	number of persons					
Total	83 788	78 829	77 605	74 087	161 393	152 916
Denmark	69 318	63 993	63 436	59 451	132 753	123 443
Rest of the world, total	14 451	14 820	14 164	14 633	28 615	29 452
Of which: Western country's	3 703	4 141	3 868	4 235	7 571	8 376
Non-western country's	10 749	10 678	10 296	10 398	21 044	21 076
EU countries (EU 27)	3 160	3 629	3 261	3 639	6 420	7 268
Of which: Poland	781	927	1 021	1 112	1 802	2 039
United Kingdom	371	336	131	121	502	457
Sweden	201	189	280	258	480	447
Germany	524	487	424	425	948	912
Europe ekscl. EU 27, total	4 078	3 984	4 239	4 189	8 317	8 173
Of which: Bosnia and Herzegovina	493	453	398	417	891	869
Yugoslavia (former)	477	430	400	370	877	800
Norway	158	145	255	248	413	393
Turkey	2 367	2 363	2 276	2 221	4 643	4 584
Africa, total	1 926	1 958	1 441	1 501	3 368	3 458
Of which: Somalia	710	729	436	464	1 146	1 193
North America, total	146	132	96	91	243	223
South and Central America, total	249	259	348	355	596	614
Asia, total	4 818	4 785	4 733	4 813	9 550	9 598
Of which: Iraq	837	804	623	614	1 460	1 418
Iran	539	554	360	360	899	914
Lebanon	637	629	436	496	1 073	1 125
Pakistan	672	664	750	737	1 422	1 401
Sri Lanka	269	264	294	275	563	538
Viet Nam	417	369	389	392	805	762
Oceania, total	34	34	21	18	55	52
Stateless	24	23	12	17	36	40
Unknown	18	15	12	10	30	25
Unknown country of origin	19	17	5	4	25	20

Note: Gross unemployed are measured as full time participants

www.statbank.dk/aul03

Table 208	Unemployment benefits and early retirement pay		
	2012	2013	
Average number of people receiving unemployment benefits	118 764	99 563	
Unemployment benefits paid in DKK mio.	22 012.2	19 730.5	
Holiday benefits paid, DKK mio.	1 275.0	1 048.8	
Early retirement pay paid, DKK mio. ¹	17 935.0	17 009.3	
Net grants from central government: DKK mio.	28 847.2	23 683.6	
Percentage of total paid	70.0	62.7	

¹ Excl. tax-exempt premium paid out.

Source: The National Directorate of Labour
www.adir.dk

Table 209	Recipients of unemployment benefits by sex and reason for unemployment. 2013			
	Men	Women	Total	
Gross unemployment, total	78 829	74 087	152 916	
Gross unemployed with social assistance	26 108	18 891	45 000	
Gross unemployed in employment subject to wage subsidies	3 237	5 117	8 353	
Recipients of unemployment benefit	49 484	50 079	99 563	
Of which: Made redundant by employer	32 201	26 931	59 132	
Temporarily sent home	194	29	223	
Resigned	1 467	2 403	3 870	
Certificate of release work sharing	99	166	265	
School leaver or completed national service	4 128	6 017	10 145	
Completed activation	481	730	1 211	
Education, parental or maternity leave	166	931	1 097	
Temporary absence from the labour market	622	1 312	1 934	
Stopped self-employment	1 224	886	2 110	
Other	8 696	10 372	19 068	
Reason for unemployment unknown	206	302	508	

Table 210 Job vacancies by size and industry. 2014

	Job vacancies					Total	Job vacancy rate					Total
	1-9 em- poyees	10-49 em- poyees	50-99 em- poyees	100 + em- poyees	Fictitious units		1-9 em- poyees	10-49 em- poyees	50-99 em- poyees	100 + em- poyees	Fictitious units	
	number						per cent					
Job vacancies, total	5 235	7 123	2 547	6 148	1 358	22 410	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.3	2.5	1.5
Manufacturing, mining, electricity, gas and water supply	399	801	477	1 849	9	3 535	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.2	0.3	1.1
Construction	880	561	115	201	6	1 762	2.2	1.0	0.7	0.8	1.2	1.3
Wh. and retail trade, transport	2 165	3 458	802	1 606	103	8 133	1.5	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.3
Information and communication	790	854	392	726	165	2 927	5.4	3.3	3.6	1.8	5.7	3.1
Financial intermediation, insurance and real estate	177	327	150	508	30	1 192	0.7	1.1	1.2	1.0	3.1	1.0
Business activities	824	1 123	612	1 259	1 044	4 862	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.8	2.7	1.9

www.statbank.dk/lso1

Table 211 Job vacancies by region. 2014

	Job vacancies	Job vacancy rate
	number	per cent
All Denmark	22 410	1.5
Region Hovedstaden	9 890	1.8
Region Sjælland	1 763	1.2
Region Syddanmark	3 484	1.1
Region Midtjylland	4 434	1.3
Region Nordjylland	1 481	1.1
Fictitious units	1 358	2.5

www.statbank.dk/lso2

Table 212 Membership of employees' trade unions. 2015

31 December 2014	Total	Of whom women		Total	Of whom women
Danish Confederation of Trade Unions (LO)¹	843 946	419 049	HI – Organisation for ledende medarbejdere i		
Plumbers' Organisation in Denmark	7 863	22	Idræt – kultur - fritid	628	50
The Danish Artist Union	1 119	496	JID	917	321
Danish Union of Electricians	22 672	240	The Danish Association of Midwives	1 824	1 822
Danish Railway Union	4 969	701	Danish Association of Constructing Architects	4 655	676
Danish Metal Workers' Union	81 130	3 287	Kort- og Landmålingsteknikernes Forening	583	169
United Federation of Danish Workers -3F ²	253 430	67 981	Danish Diet & Nutrition Association	6 504	6 335
FOA	164 615	142 315	Lederforeningen i TeleDanmark	732	307
Danish Prison Officers' Union	3 166	1 039	Lederforum – Social & Sundhedssektoren	657	598
Danish Food and Allied Workers' Union	18 912	5 628	Association of Academy and Market Economists	845	465
Union of Commercial and Clerical Employees in Denmark	193 547	149 490	PROSA – Association of Computer Professionals	8 771	1 259
Union of Enlisted Privates and Corporals in the Danish Army	4 064	215	The Radiographers' Union in Denmark	1 749	1 224
The Danish Handball Players Association	373	165	SAFU Association of Salaried Employees	1 158	600
Union of Painters in Denmark	7 617	2 636	Uddannelsesforbundet	9 129	4 409
The Danish Federation of Salaried Employees	18 982	6 642	Other unions	2 800	1 484
National Federation of Social Educators	36 663	27 499	Danish Association of Managers and Executives	99 568	29 249
The Danish Footballers' Association	1 193	77	Danish Association of Managers and Executives	99 568	29 249
Danish Association of Professional Technicians Salaried Employees' and Civil Servants' Confederation (FTF)	23 631	10 616	Danish Confederation of Professional Associations	208 915	97 336
Federation of Early Childhood Teachers	51 520	43 792	Federation of Danish Architects	4 344	2 294
CO 10 – group in FTF	27 897	7 424	Danish Union of Librarians	3 453	2 617
Of which:			Danish Union of Journalists	2 433	1 463
Association of Permanent Defence Personnel	7 807	649	Dansk Musikpædagogisk Forening	758	427
Danmarks Kordegneforening	518	415	The Association of Food Scientists in Denmark and the Danish Veterinary Surgeons	1 648	1 122
Dansk Told- og Skatteforbund	3 247	1 851	Den Danske Landinspektørforening	784	254
Association of Technical and Administrative Public Employees (TAT)	745	380	Defence group in AC	3 487	146
Association of Commercial College Teachers	1 391	733	National Union of Upper Second. School Teachers	13 392	7 337
Organistforeningen	609	365	Ingeniørforeningen i Danmark	56 313	10 438
The Police Union in Denmark	11 330	2 040	Danish Federation of Graduates in Agriculture, Horticulture, Forestry and Landscape Architecture	3 262	1 585
Trafikforbundet	639	188	Djøf	51 838	26 887
Other unions	1 611	803	Communications and Languages	5 279	4 734
Cabin Union Denmark	1 363	963	Danish Medical Association	17 220	9 012
The Danish Union of Teachers	59 667	42 382	Danish Association of Masters and PhDs	29 121	18 217
Danish Musicians' Union ²	4 700	1 222	Pharma-Danmark	4 700	3 527
Danish Actors Association	1 655	894	The Danish Association of Clergy	2 438	1 348
Danish Association of Social Workers	11 641	10 179	Danish Psychologists' Association	5 001	3 920
Danish Nurses' Organisation	54 689	52 868	Tandlægeforeningen	1 814	1 085
Dansk Tandplejerforening	1 322	1 269	Tandlægemnes Ny Landsforening	536	451
Danske Psykomotoriske Terapeuter	612	583	Other unions	1 094	473
Association of Medical Laboratory Technologists	5 359	5 005	Outside mainorganisations	310 161	137 112
Organisation of Danish Insurance Employees	7 821	4 927	2B – Bedst og Billigst	24 304	11 906
Danske Fodterapeuter	1 557	1 464	ASE Lønmodtagere	33 173	14 264
The Danish Physiotherapist Association	10 440	7 866	Business Danmark	27 110	6 604
Association of Danish Forest and Landscape Engineers	515	70	Dansk Formands Forening	959	17
Danish Association of Occupational Therapists	6 875	6 528	Danish Union of Journalists ³	16 910	7 756
Danish Pharmacopeia Commission	4 093	4 026	Fagforeningen Danmark	44 121	16 034
Danish Film and TV Workers' Union	718	239	Forbundet af Kirke- og Kirkegårdsansatte	1 330	536
The Financial Services' Union	41 088	21 634	Forbundet for Tjenestemænd ved Fødevarer- og Undervisningsministeriet m.fl.	320	45
Foreningen af Mejeriledere og Funktionærer	605	98	FRIE Funktionærer	15 183	8 958
Ass. of Teachers for Private Independent Schools	8 708	5 555	Funktionærkartellet/Teknikersammenslutningen	22 592	12 513
Carlsberg Staff Association	595	213	Kristelig Fagforening – (Krifa) ¹	113 482	58 295
			Maskinmestrenes Forening	7 697	69
			Søfartens Ledere	2 980	115

Note: Figures are exclusive Danmarks Frie Fagforening due to lack of data reports.

Source: Main organizations and unions outside of the main organizations

¹ Number of members in LO and Krifa contains, in contrast to previous years, only labour associated members. ² Only members under FTF. ³ Incl. 2.433 members with double membership under Confederation of Professional Associations (AC)

Table 213 Members of unemployment insurance funds

	2013 ¹	2014 ¹
Number of funds	27	26
Number insured against unemployment, total	2 028 062	2 012 901
Full-time insured	2 009 634	1 994 624
Of which: LO ²	841 419	818 250
FTF ³	324 029	325 167
Managers ⁴	98 531	100 816
AC ⁵	273 545	281 722
Other organizations ⁶	472 110	468 669
Part-time and combination-insured	18 428	18 277
Of which: LO ²	8 743	8 382
FTF ³	2 774	2 786
Managers ⁴	32	25
AC ⁵	1 057	1 354
Other organizations ⁶	5 822	5 730

¹ Figures are from 1 January. ² Danish Confederation of Trade Unions. ³ Salaried Employees' and Civil Servants' Confederation. ⁴ Danish Association of Management and Executives. ⁵ Danish Confederation of Professional Organisations. ⁶ Incl. unemployment insurance funds which are members of different confederations.

Source: The National Directorate of Labour
www.statbank.dk/04

Table 214 Personal income by type of income. 2013

	Primary income		Public transfer income			Private pensions	Property income, net	Disposable income	
	Wages and salaries, etc.	Entrepreneurial income etc.	Unemployment benefits etc.	Public pensions	Cash benefit, sickness leave etc.				Other public transfers
	DKK thousands								
Men and women	188.6	13.5	4.5	36.6	8.5	11.5	18.9	19.3	209.7
Self-employed, total¹	26.4	413.9	2.4	9.0	6.2	6.4	15.7	51.9	378.6
Self-employed with employees	15.3	742.5	0.2	3.5	5.9	3.9	8.3	63.9	601.2
Self-employed without employees	30.3	331.2	3.1	9.8	6.3	7.0	18.0	50.1	323.9
Assisting spouses	10.9	143.7	0.8	24.6	4.1	9.5	12.4	16.4	168.4
Employees, total	378.7	0.3	4.1	2.0	2.9	7.6	3.6	19.7	278.6
Top managers	733.9	-2.0	1.2	1.7	0.7	3.6	7.4	96.4	500.9
Employees, highest level	492.9	0.9	2.6	1.4	2.1	7.7	5.4	27.0	349.3
Employees, medium level	391.2	0.0	2.6	1.6	2.7	10.1	2.7	15.5	285.8
Employees, basic level	309.8	0.3	5.1	1.8	3.2	7.4	1.8	7.5	231.2
Other employees	274.7	0.1	8.0	2.3	4.5	6.4	2.0	3.8	208.3
Employees, not further specified	343.0	1.3	4.1	4.9	3.2	5.9	8.5	40.8	279.4
Unemployed	41.6	0.9	105.3	0.3	43.5	11.9	0.8	2.4	156.4
Temporarily outside the labour force	11.3	0.0	43.5	1.2	110.7	19.0	6.2	0.6	149.0
Not economically active									
Pensioners and others	3.0	-2.8	0.2	128.2	0.6	9.8	58.5	27.8	169.8
Recipients of cash benefits	6.3	0.4	0.8	0.7	141.8	18.4	2.5	-1.7	131.8
Others persons not economically active ²	25.8	0.1	0.8	0.0	2.0	26.0	2.8	3.1	52.0

Note: Calculation of the income can be found in detail at www.statbank.dk/indkp101.

www.statbank.dk/04

¹ Includes assisting spouses. ² Includes unknown.

Table 215 Disposable income by sex and level of income. 2013

	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	thousands			per cent		
Persons, total	2 260.6	2 331.9	4 592.5	49	51	100
Disposable income						
Less than 50 000 DKK	216.9	196.1	413.0	53	47	100
50 000 – 99 999 DKK	187.3	251.3	438.7	43	57	100
100 000 – 149 999 DKK	347.8	403.9	751.8	46	54	100
150 000 – 199 999 DKK	380.4	512.2	892.7	43	57	100
200 000 – 249 999 DKK	356.2	403.7	759.9	47	53	100
250 000 – 299 999 DKK	275.3	277.4	552.7	50	50	100
300 000 – 349 999 DKK	181.0	142.2	323.2	56	44	100
350 000 – 399 999 DKK	109.4	66.6	176.0	62	38	100
400 000 – 449 999 DKK	65.2	32.2	97.3	67	33	100
450 000 – 499 999 DKK	39.4	16.4	55.7	71	29	100
500 000 – 599 999 DKK	40.7	14.9	55.6	73	27	100
600 000 – 699 999 DKK	19.7	6.0	25.7	77	23	100
700 000 – 799 999 DKK	11.1	2.9	14.1	79	21	100
800 000 – 899 999 DKK	6.8	1.6	8.4	81	19	100
900 000 – 999 999 DKK	4.8	1.0	5.8	82	18	100
1 000 000 – 1 999 999 DKK	13.5	2.6	16.1	84	16	100
2 000 000 – 2 999 999 DKK	2.6	0.4	3.0	86	14	100
3 000 000 - + DKK	2.3	0.4	2.7	86	14	100

www.statbank.dk/04

Table 216 Disposable income by sex and age. 2013

	Number of persons	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile	Average	Gini coefficient ¹	
	thousands	DKK thousands					
Men and women							
Total	4 592.5	122.8	187.7	264.6	209.7	0.28	
15-19 years	351.7	7.3	22.0	45.0	31.2	0.30	
20-24 years	350.9	65.3	97.9	135.7	105.1	0.34	
25-29 years	317.3	106.1	162.3	214.5	163.7	0.27	
30-34 years	312.2	161.6	217.0	268.5	219.4	0.24	
35-39 years	360.0	185.9	242.1	302.8	255.4	0.24	
40-44 years	383.4	192.1	251.1	320.0	275.1	0.25	
45-49 years	419.7	188.1	249.2	322.8	280.8	0.26	
50-54 years	381.6	182.6	243.1	315.5	275.3	0.27	
55-59 years	352.8	178.3	237.8	307.9	269.0	0.27	
60-64 years	337.2	155.7	207.7	284.5	244.3	0.27	
65-69 years	355.7	126.4	167.0	235.1	207.8	0.27	
70-74 years	255.1	119.2	157.0	208.6	189.0	0.25	
75 years +	414.8	128.6	158.2	194.8	180.3	0.21	
Men							
Total	2 260.6	126.3	199.7	285.6	229.0	0.29	
15-19 years	180.6	6.5	21.0	44.4	31.5	0.30	
20-24 years	179.6	62.7	97.5	142.9	108.3	0.35	
25-29 years	160.7	104.0	166.4	225.1	169.7	0.27	
30-34 years	156.0	158.4	222.5	281.2	227.4	0.24	
35-39 years	179.5	184.8	248.9	321.4	268.9	0.24	
40-44 years	192.2	194.1	261.1	345.0	295.7	0.26	
45-49 years	212.0	193.2	262.2	351.1	307.7	0.27	
50-54 years	191.7	190.5	259.2	347.4	305.4	0.28	
55-59 years	176.0	188.3	255.8	339.8	299.0	0.28	
60-64 years	166.6	166.1	227.9	316.7	276.0	0.28	
65-69 years	174.9	141.2	184.1	269.8	240.1	0.28	
70-74 years	121.8	135.6	171.3	241.5	217.9	0.26	
75 years +	168.8	132.8	163.3	217.9	200.0	0.23	
Women							
Total	2 331.9	119.4	178.8	247.4	190.9	0.28	
15-19 years	171.1	8.2	23.0	45.4	30.8	0.30	
20-24 years	171.3	68.1	98.2	130.2	101.8	0.32	
25-29 years	156.6	108.0	159.3	205.1	157.5	0.26	
30-34 years	156.2	164.1	212.4	258.0	211.5	0.23	
35-39 years	180.5	186.6	236.6	287.9	242.1	0.24	
40-44 years	191.2	190.7	243.2	299.8	254.3	0.25	
45-49 years	207.7	184.7	238.9	298.4	253.4	0.25	
50-54 years	189.9	177.4	230.7	288.8	245.0	0.26	
55-59 years	176.8	171.8	223.4	281.4	239.2	0.26	
60-64 years	170.6	147.8	191.6	256.3	213.3	0.27	
65-69 years	180.8	113.2	154.3	205.5	176.5	0.26	
70-74 years	133.2	104.2	145.9	182.8	162.6	0.24	
75 years +	246.0	123.7	156.0	183.9	166.7	0.19	

¹ The Gini coefficient is calculated based on equivalised disposable income.

Table 217 (page 1 of 2) Average income in municipalities. 2013

Municipality-code	Men			Women			Total		
	Primary income	Public transfer income	Disposable income	Primary income	Public transfer income	Disposable income	Primary income	Public transfer income	Disposable income
	DKK thousands								
All Denmark	241.0	50.7	229.0	165.4	71.1	190.9	202.6	61.0	209.7
Copenhagen city	255.9	45.1	220.8	188.4	62.2	192.5	221.2	53.9	206.3
101 Copenhagen	246.1	45.9	210.7	185.0	62.2	186.0	215.0	54.2	198.1
147 Frederiksberg	307.0	41.6	263.2	204.2	61.9	216.9	251.9	52.5	238.4
155 Dragør	320.6	40.2	305.1	214.1	57.1	238.0	265.4	49.0	270.4
185 Tårnby	248.0	44.8	233.1	185.5	64.8	202.6	215.8	55.1	217.4
Copenhagen suburban	285.0	46.3	261.2	188.7	67.9	213.8	235.2	57.5	236.7
165 Albertslund	201.5	51.6	196.3	155.8	72.7	180.0	178.3	62.3	188.1
151 Ballerup	237.3	53.4	224.3	173.0	75.1	197.5	204.1	64.6	210.5
153 Brøndby	205.0	55.3	202.2	147.0	79.2	179.6	175.1	67.6	190.5
157 Gentofte	500.9	34.0	449.0	248.4	52.6	289.5	366.0	44.0	363.8
159 Gladsaxe	267.9	45.5	239.4	193.7	67.2	209.6	229.7	56.7	224.1
161 Glostrup	247.0	49.1	225.5	177.0	71.3	196.4	210.7	60.6	210.4
163 Herlev	238.5	49.3	230.1	175.6	72.1	198.0	205.7	61.2	213.3
167 Hvidovre	238.5	47.5	216.7	175.9	70.2	193.2	206.4	59.1	204.7
169 Høje-Taastrup	238.3	48.0	221.1	168.4	69.7	190.3	202.9	59.0	205.5
183 Ishøj	202.8	53.3	196.2	150.4	76.4	179.3	176.5	65.0	187.7
173 Lyngby-Taarbæk	362.7	39.7	320.1	222.1	61.2	249.3	288.8	51.0	282.8
175 Rødovre	234.0	49.6	217.3	172.0	74.1	195.1	201.7	62.4	205.7
187 Vallensbæk	286.3	39.6	259.2	200.6	59.5	213.4	242.6	49.8	235.9
Nordsjælland	307.3	43.6	289.8	199.8	63.6	224.3	251.9	53.9	256.0
201 Allerød	340.7	35.3	307.7	233.0	54.7	240.8	285.3	45.3	273.3
240 Egedal	310.1	35.8	269.3	220.7	55.7	221.4	264.7	45.9	245.0
210 Fredensborg	305.6	43.1	283.4	193.1	65.4	220.2	247.1	54.7	250.6
250 Frederikssund	252.4	47.8	236.0	180.6	68.6	200.3	215.8	58.4	217.8
190 Furesø	343.2	39.5	308.3	224.2	59.4	241.1	281.4	49.8	273.5
270 Gribskov	240.4	49.5	238.6	175.9	66.5	203.3	207.8	58.1	220.8
260 Halsnæs	215.6	56.2	215.0	160.5	74.4	187.7	187.8	65.4	201.2
217 Helsingør	256.6	50.0	252.1	174.0	71.1	205.5	213.9	60.9	228.0
219 Hillerød	289.9	41.4	258.7	201.7	60.6	212.9	244.1	51.4	234.9
223 Hørsholm	443.6	38.5	422.3	213.2	60.2	262.4	319.5	50.2	336.2
230 Rudersdal	436.5	37.2	434.8	235.5	57.9	279.7	331.5	48.0	353.8
Bornholm	169.3	66.0	192.7	127.4	83.9	170.9	148.0	75.1	181.6
Østsjælland	275.6	43.8	249.9	190.0	64.8	205.4	231.9	54.6	227.1
253 Greve	277.3	43.5	257.9	193.8	64.5	210.5	234.6	54.2	233.7
259 Køge	252.4	47.5	229.5	173.5	70.9	193.1	212.2	59.4	210.9
350 Lejre	283.5	43.0	252.9	197.5	61.9	207.5	240.3	52.5	230.1
265 Roskilde	280.2	43.2	252.0	193.7	63.3	207.7	235.8	53.5	229.3
269 Solrød	307.5	38.2	275.3	202.0	58.6	215.4	253.7	48.6	244.8
Vest- og Sydsjælland	210.4	57.4	212.7	149.1	77.7	182.5	179.3	67.7	197.4
320 Faxe	229.2	49.9	215.9	158.2	73.5	183.5	193.5	61.8	199.6
376 Guldborgsund	181.2	65.8	199.9	134.9	82.1	174.9	157.7	74.1	187.3
316 Holbæk	237.5	49.5	222.9	167.8	71.0	191.0	201.8	60.5	206.5
326 Kalundborg	215.5	58.9	218.4	147.1	79.9	182.7	181.1	69.4	200.5
360 Lolland	164.1	75.6	190.5	117.7	92.4	166.7	140.9	84.0	178.6
370 Næstved	224.5	52.8	219.9	155.8	75.2	186.0	189.3	64.3	202.5
306 Odsherred	180.5	65.2	202.3	133.3	83.3	178.8	156.7	74.4	190.5
329 Ringsted	243.4	48.1	225.4	169.9	71.4	189.0	206.0	60.0	206.9
330 Slagelse	208.1	55.5	210.9	146.2	76.3	180.7	176.6	66.1	195.6
340 Sorø	235.5	51.5	225.0	164.2	73.6	189.6	199.3	62.7	207.1
336 Stevn	231.9	50.9	224.9	163.8	71.2	190.7	197.7	61.1	207.7
390 Vordingborg	189.4	62.5	204.6	139.5	81.1	181.2	164.0	71.9	192.7

Note: Calculation of the income can be found in detail at www.statbank.dk/indkf111.www.statbank.dk/04

Table 217 (page 2 of 2) Average income in municipalities. 2013

Municipality-code	Men			Women			Total		
	Primary income	Public transfer income	Disposable income	Primary income	Public transfer income	Disposable income	Primary income	Public transfer income	Disposable income
	DKK thousands								
Fyn	205.1	58.0	209.6	145.6	77.6	179.6	174.9	67.9	194.4
420 Assens	210.1	56.4	207.5	148.5	76.9	177.8	179.2	66.7	192.6
430 Faaborg-Midtfyn	203.8	57.2	208.0	143.2	78.8	177.8	173.3	68.1	192.8
440 Kerteminde	206.1	59.0	216.5	144.6	78.4	179.7	174.8	68.9	197.8
482 Langeland	149.7	75.5	184.1	114.8	88.7	164.2	132.2	82.1	174.1
410 Middelfart	241.5	52.2	232.6	160.4	73.5	186.2	200.5	63.0	209.1
480 Nordfyns	210.2	56.4	208.7	149.4	77.9	178.1	180.1	67.1	193.5
450 Nyborg	198.5	60.8	207.0	139.2	82.2	179.0	168.4	71.7	192.8
461 Odense	203.2	57.5	205.8	147.4	76.2	180.6	174.6	67.1	192.9
479 Svendborg	204.9	58.8	217.0	143.5	78.2	180.6	173.7	68.7	198.5
492 Ærø	160.4	65.3	194.5	107.7	85.4	166.8	134.2	75.3	180.7
Syddjylland	230.0	52.0	220.3	151.2	74.3	180.6	190.4	63.2	200.3
530 Billund	245.6	46.7	233.0	159.1	71.0	182.8	202.6	58.8	208.1
561 Esbjerg	236.6	53.4	226.4	151.0	73.7	180.0	193.6	63.6	203.1
563 Fanø	234.8	52.7	259.0	148.3	72.4	195.3	190.4	62.8	226.3
607 Fredericia	228.5	54.9	218.2	148.4	77.3	180.4	188.3	66.2	199.2
510 Haderslev	208.5	54.9	205.0	144.0	77.4	175.7	176.0	66.2	190.2
621 Kolding	245.0	49.0	226.8	162.1	71.9	186.2	203.1	60.6	206.3
540 Sønderborg	211.5	56.6	211.0	140.2	78.1	174.2	175.3	67.5	192.4
550 Tønder	195.7	55.2	197.7	131.5	78.2	168.1	163.5	66.7	182.8
573 Varde	242.5	48.1	228.2	152.6	72.0	179.2	197.9	59.9	204.0
575 Vejlen	232.3	47.9	216.3	147.1	74.1	177.5	190.1	60.9	197.1
630 Vejle	248.4	49.2	232.1	166.7	71.2	191.9	207.0	60.3	211.8
580 Aabenraa	209.6	53.9	208.4	141.4	75.9	174.8	175.2	65.0	191.5
Østjylland	235.7	50.2	225.7	160.6	71.1	189.1	197.7	60.8	207.2
710 Favrskov	262.7	43.5	238.0	177.9	65.8	194.6	220.4	54.6	216.3
766 Hedensted	250.5	44.3	229.6	163.5	69.0	184.0	207.4	56.5	207.0
615 Horsens	230.6	50.5	221.2	156.5	73.9	187.1	193.5	62.2	204.1
707 Norddjurs	197.7	56.8	202.8	136.5	77.6	172.3	167.4	67.1	187.7
727 Odder	239.8	48.6	237.0	163.3	70.9	195.8	200.7	60.0	215.9
730 Randers	215.9	55.1	210.0	146.4	76.8	176.7	180.9	66.0	193.2
741 Samsø	168.4	68.0	206.3	120.8	84.5	174.6	144.1	76.4	190.1
740 Silkeborg	248.9	47.8	231.0	165.0	70.1	192.4	206.4	59.1	211.5
746 Skanderborg	281.7	40.7	253.1	191.3	63.1	207.1	236.1	52.0	229.9
706 Syddjurs	221.8	53.3	226.9	151.4	73.8	198.6	186.4	63.6	212.7
751 Aarhus	232.7	51.2	225.2	160.9	70.1	189.8	195.9	60.9	207.1
Vestjylland	231.9	50.3	224.2	150.6	73.4	180.9	191.3	61.9	202.5
657 Herning	234.2	48.5	226.0	150.4	72.2	181.2	192.1	60.4	203.5
661 Holstebro	245.0	49.2	233.8	154.9	71.7	183.8	199.3	60.6	208.4
756 Ikast-Brande	231.8	49.3	223.3	149.0	74.6	179.3	190.7	61.9	201.5
665 Lemvig	234.6	52.4	229.3	143.1	73.9	175.1	189.7	62.9	202.7
760 Ringkøbing-Skjern	235.3	49.8	225.9	145.9	73.9	177.2	191.1	61.7	201.8
779 Skive	209.0	55.0	208.5	142.3	76.8	175.3	176.1	65.8	192.2
671 Struer	216.7	55.9	217.2	138.6	78.3	175.9	177.8	67.0	196.7
791 Viborg	234.7	49.1	224.5	160.1	72.0	186.9	197.3	60.6	205.6
Nordjylland	215.5	54.5	212.0	148.5	75.0	177.6	182.0	64.7	194.8
810 Brønderslev	214.7	55.7	210.5	150.2	76.5	176.3	182.6	66.1	193.5
813 Frederikshavn	210.4	58.5	215.9	138.4	79.5	176.8	174.2	69.0	196.2
860 Hjørring	210.2	55.5	212.2	146.6	75.5	177.6	178.1	65.6	194.7
849 Jammerbugt	215.3	55.7	214.6	149.1	75.9	178.4	182.4	65.7	196.6
825 Læsø	172.6	68.1	204.0	115.8	85.8	169.7	144.7	76.8	187.1
846 Mariagerfjord	213.8	54.6	208.8	148.3	75.5	177.0	181.4	64.9	193.1
773 Morsø	190.1	61.5	200.4	130.0	81.1	168.7	160.2	71.2	184.6
840 Rebild	258.8	44.6	232.8	174.8	66.4	189.5	217.3	55.4	211.4
787 Thisted	207.8	54.9	209.4	139.1	77.3	174.1	173.7	66.0	191.9
820 Vesthimmerlands	206.6	55.3	203.8	142.6	76.8	171.8	174.9	65.9	188.0
851 Aalborg	219.6	52.8	211.7	153.4	72.6	179.2	186.4	62.7	195.4

Table 218 Pre-tax Income, total. 2013

	Number of families	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile	Average
	thousands	DKK thousands			
Families, total	2 859.1	217.6	357.5	630.4	473.9
Without children	2 091.4	195.9	288.2	454.4	373.2
With 1 child	321.0	379.8	591.9	815.3	657.5
With 2 children	325.1	536.9	736.6	945.6	805.8
With 3 or more children	121.6	525.8	745.8	968.7	832.9
Couples, total	1 334.8	415.8	629.3	843.0	702.5
Without children	747.5	340.2	494.2	700.6	583.4
With 1 child	212.7	559.6	722.0	915.7	795.0
With 2 children	269.1	641.6	792.5	996.1	884.6
With 3 or more children	105.5	617.3	791.8	1 011.0	894.8
Single persons, total	1 524.2	174.4	230.1	338.7	273.7
Without children	1 343.9	167.3	218.5	313.7	256.3
With 1 child	108.3	257.6	350.9	455.0	387.4
With 2 or more children	72.1	304.8	387.7	485.4	427.0

Note: Calculation of the income can be found in detail at www.statbank.dk/indkf111.www.statbank.dk/04**Table 219 Income, total by family type and level of income. 2013**

	Families total			Singles				Couples				
	Total	Without children	With children	Total	Without children	With 1 child	With 2 + children	Total	Without children	With 1 child	With 2 children	With 3 + children
	thousands											
Number of families	2 859.1	2 091.4	767.7	1 524.2	1 343.9	108.3	72.1	1 334.8	747.5	212.7	269.1	105.5
Income, total												
Less than 50 000 DKK	70.6	67.8	2.8	66.3	65.0	0.9	0.3	4.3	2.8	0.6	0.6	0.3
50 000 -99 999 DKK	93.5	91.6	1.9	90.6	89.4	0.8	0.4	2.9	2.2	0.3	0.2	0.1
100 000 -149 999 DKK	121.0	117.8	3.2	114.6	112.4	1.7	0.6	6.4	5.4	0.5	0.3	0.2
150 000 -199 999 DKK	283.6	275.3	8.4	271.6	265.2	5.2	1.2	12.1	10.1	1.1	0.6	0.3
200 000 -249 999 DKK	337.0	312.6	24.5	304.1	283.7	15.9	4.5	32.9	28.8	2.1	1.3	0.7
250 000 -299 999 DKK	265.0	233.4	31.6	181.6	156.3	15.2	10.1	83.4	77.1	3.3	2.0	1.0
300 000 -349 999 DKK	227.4	192.9	34.5	144.3	119.2	14.1	11.1	83.1	73.8	5.1	2.9	1.4
350 000 -399 999 DKK	194.5	153.3	41.2	111.4	86.3	14.4	10.7	83.1	67.0	7.7	5.7	2.8
400 000 -449 999 DKK	155.9	115.3	40.7	77.8	56.0	12.0	9.8	78.1	59.2	8.1	6.4	4.4
450 000 -499 999 DKK	124.8	87.8	36.9	50.2	34.6	8.3	7.4	74.6	53.3	9.7	7.6	4.0
500 000 -599 999 DKK	209.9	131.8	78.1	52.9	35.1	9.8	8.0	157.0	96.7	26.7	24.5	9.1
600 000 -699 999 DKK	196.1	100.0	96.1	24.4	16.1	4.5	3.8	171.6	83.8	33.7	40.3	13.9
700 000 -799 999 DKK	168.2	70.5	97.7	12.2	8.2	2.2	1.8	156.0	62.3	32.3	45.4	15.9
800 000 -899 999 DKK	124.3	45.7	78.6	6.7	4.6	1.2	1.0	117.6	41.1	25.1	37.4	14.0
900 000 -999 999 DKK	85.2	28.7	56.5	4.1	3.0	0.6	0.6	81.1	25.7	17.6	27.5	10.2
1 000 000 -1 999 999 DKK	179.7	57.7	122.0	9.1	6.9	1.2	0.9	170.6	50.8	35.3	60.2	24.3
2 000 000 -2 999 999 DKK	14.1	5.5	8.6	1.2	1.0	0.1	0.1	12.9	4.5	2.3	4.2	1.9
3 000 000 - DKK +	8.3	3.8	4.5	1.1	0.9	0.1	0.1	7.2	2.9	1.2	2.0	1.1

Note: Calculation of the income can be found in detail at www.statbank.dk/indkf111.www.statbank.dk/04

Table 220 Family incomings by type of dwelling. 2013

	Type of dwelling					Total	Type of ownership	
	Detached	Terraced or semi-detached	Apartment houses	Student hostels	Other dwellings ¹		Own dwelling	Rented ²
DKK thousands								
Disposable income								
Families, total	448.3	305.9	240.3	89.4	216.8	338.3	476.4	219.3
Without children	361.0	257.5	212.1	86.9	193.1	272.1	395.2	190.1
With 1 child	544.3	405.3	340.1	214.0	376.6	454.1	570.2	316.8
With 2 children	614.3	490.6	412.1	267.0	483.8	557.5	631.3	382.1
With 3 or more children	646.0	508.3	407.4	295.9	528.1	585.5	668.8	397.6
Couples, total	544.3	454.3	392.5	178.8	415.6	497.4	553.8	361.4
Without children	466.2	392.8	354.0	167.6	377.7	426.1	477.7	318.4
With 1 child	594.8	516.2	437.1	246.7	479.5	545.4	610.8	406.6
With 2 children	638.1	571.7	487.9	290.3	558.8	607.8	648.3	455.0
With 3 or more children	666.4	568.9	452.0	316.5	589.4	624.0	680.2	444.0
Singles, total	237.8	209.9	184.5	80.0	146.7	199.0	284.2	170.7
Without children	220.7	194.7	175.4	79.4	141.8	186.4	268.9	159.5
With 1 child	324.6	277.8	246.8	161.2	240.7	274.8	370.5	239.2
With 2 or more children	364.0	315.0	287.6	204.7	272.1	319.5	410.6	284.9
Pre-tax income, total								
Families, total	623.0	425.6	344.1	117.0	295.2	473.9	658.1	315.3
Without children	483.6	350.9	302.3	113.6	258.5	373.2	525.2	272.0
With 1 child	784.5	587.4	497.8	288.1	547.0	657.5	819.8	465.7
With 2 children	887.2	707.0	599.0	359.5	704.5	805.8	910.8	556.2
With 3 or more children	923.5	716.6	565.8	396.3	767.0	832.9	955.8	555.9
Couples, total	762.7	643.2	571.6	238.9	572.5	702.5	773.7	530.8
Without children	627.9	540.2	509.7	222.8	503.4	583.4	641.4	462.2
With 1 child	860.7	757.3	651.2	337.7	705.1	795.0	882.0	610.6
With 2 children	924.7	836.6	725.0	396.0	825.2	884.6	938.4	680.7
With 3 or more children	956.3	816.4	643.7	428.4	869.0	894.8	974.6	639.3
Singles, total	316.3	284.8	260.7	104.2	197.3	273.7	370.7	241.6
Without children	291.4	263.1	248.7	103.4	190.4	256.3	347.5	226.6
With 1 child	453.2	392.3	350.3	207.8	338.2	387.4	513.4	340.5
With 2 or more children	486.9	421.1	384.2	260.5	366.7	427.0	545.9	381.8
Equivalised Disposable income								
Families, total	275.4	220.3	190.0	83.0	171.1	230.0	296.1	173.0
Without children	272.2	216.0	187.9	82.1	165.7	221.3	298.9	169.7
With 1 child	296.2	239.1	207.0	131.2	219.3	257.3	310.4	194.4
With 2 children	281.2	235.8	202.4	133.2	230.3	259.5	288.8	189.6
With 3 or more children	250.9	204.2	162.3	125.3	208.5	228.9	259.6	159.7
Couples, total	300.8	261.4	231.0	114.7	251.5	279.6	308.3	210.3
Without children	310.8	261.8	236.0	111.7	251.8	284.1	318.5	212.3
With 1 child	311.6	273.8	236.9	136.8	254.7	288.0	320.4	219.4
With 2 children	288.4	261.4	224.9	137.4	255.9	275.7	293.4	209.0
With 3 or more children	256.7	220.7	172.1	129.4	226.9	240.2	262.5	168.8
Singles, total	219.9	193.8	175.0	79.7	142.8	186.6	265.9	160.3
Without children	220.7	194.7	175.4	79.4	141.8	186.4	268.9	159.5
With 1 child	229.6	199.2	178.4	122.1	172.4	196.9	261.3	172.9
With 2 or more children	197.3	174.9	158.6	119.8	153.6	175.3	222.4	157.4

Note: Calculation of the income can be found in detail at www.statbank.dk/indkf101.

www.statbank.dk/04

¹ Includes unknown types of dwelling. ² Dwellings which are part of a housing association are included as rented.

Table 221 Family incomings for families with children. 2013

	Number of families	Age of youngest child						Total
		0-2 years	3-6 years	7-12 years	13-14 years	15-17 years	18-24 years	
	thousands	DKK thousands						
Disposable income								
Families, total	767.7	465.6	499.3	528.2	547.1	550.4	563.7	518.7
With 1 child	321.0	413.2	386.7	397.5	430.8	469.2	545.5	454.1
With 2 children	325.1	495.1	531.4	557.4	592.1	635.1	661.1	557.5
With 3 or more children	121.6	523.9	562.0	613.0	689.7	709.3	714.9	585.5
Couples, total	587.3	495.5	563.0	615.3	646.1	654.9	660.6	588.1
With 1 child	212.7	449.2	482.9	527.4	560.2	590.3	646.0	545.4
With 2 children	269.1	518.2	576.8	622.7	662.9	704.8	727.8	607.8
With 3 or more children	105.5	548.0	600.9	662.1	739.4	754.5	778.4	624.0
Singles, total	180.4	218.0	258.9	288.9	306.7	316.1	342.5	292.7
With 1 child	108.3	193.0	227.5	259.6	274.8	286.8	332.4	274.8
With 2 or more children	72.1	248.7	289.3	315.1	345.2	381.2	424.8	319.5
Pre-tax Income, total								
Families, total	767.7	674.9	722.3	763.6	789.0	789.4	805.6	748.1
With 1 child	321.0	605.1	563.8	581.2	625.1	677.3	780.6	657.5
With 2 children	325.1	718.2	772.1	808.0	854.3	907.1	940.2	805.8
With 3 or more children	121.6	743.7	801.4	873.1	981.4	999.2	991.7	832.9
Couples, total	587.3	721.5	821.1	897.6	939.5	945.3	945.9	854.0
With 1 child	212.7	660.9	713.3	782.5	820.8	859.2	926.0	795.0
With 2 children	269.1	754.5	843.7	910.4	964.9	1 013.2	1 038.8	884.6
With 3 or more children	105.5	782.8	864.3	951.7	1 059.6	1 067.7	1 084.5	894.8
Singles, total	180.4	288.9	349.4	395.5	423.5	439.7	485.4	403.2
With 1 child	108.3	263.2	316.2	367.5	389.4	403.7	472.5	387.4
With 2 or more children	72.1	320.4	381.5	420.4	464.7	519.4	589.7	427.0
Equivalised Disposable income								
Families, total	767.7	232.4	243.9	255.5	265.0	256.4	287.7	253.7
With 1 child	321.0	235.4	233.1	247.7	265.9	253.7	290.5	257.3
With 2 children	325.1	238.3	258.6	267.5	267.7	262.0	273.7	259.5
With 3 or more children	121.6	212.5	227.3	236.3	250.4	238.2	242.3	228.9
Couples, total	587.3	242.9	263.3	280.0	291.7	286.0	317.2	273.8
With 1 child	212.7	249.5	268.3	293.0	311.2	295.2	323.0	288.0
With 2 children	269.1	246.5	273.9	289.2	289.7	281.9	291.1	275.7
With 3 or more children	105.5	220.2	239.3	250.2	263.1	248.6	257.5	240.2
Singles, total	180.4	145.4	170.6	188.4	200.2	189.9	220.4	188.2
With 1 child	108.3	148.5	175.0	199.7	211.4	191.2	221.6	196.9
With 2 or more children	72.1	141.6	166.2	178.3	186.7	187.0	210.3	175.3

Note: Calculation of the income can be found in detail at www.statbank.dk/indkf111.www.statbank.dk/04